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ABSTRACT

This paper provides an introduction to basic issues concerning structural equation modeling (SEM), a research methodology increasingly being used in social science research. First, seven key issues that must be considered in any SEM analysis are explained. These include matrix of associations to analyze, model identification, parameter estimation theory, multivariate normality, model misspecification and specification searches, sample size, and measurement model adequacy. Second, heuristic SEM analyses involving structural models are presented to demonstrate how SEM takes score measurement reliability into account and how SEM may shed light on causal issues. Finally, ten commandments for proper SEM use are presented, among which are the following: (1) never conclude that a model has been definitely proven; (2) for specification searches that require larger samples, test the re-specified model with a "hold-out" or independent sample and never change a specification without a theoretical justification; (3) test multiple plausible rival models; and (4) don't use SEM with small samples. Appendices provide five examples of statistical analyses using SEM. (Contains 66 references.) (DB)

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The Ten Commandments of Good Structural Equation Modeling Behavior: A User-friendly, Introductory Primer on SEM

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Introductory Primer on SEM -2-

#### Abstract

The present paper provides a user-friendly introduction to and guidance regarding some of the basic issues that must be resolved to conduct structural equation modeling (SEM). The paper incorporates many of the latest findings regarding covariance structure analysis, and presumes no SEM background on the part of the reader. First, seven key issues that must be considered in any SEM analysis are explained. Second, heuristic SEM analyses involving structural models are presented to make clear in a concrete fashion (a) how SEM takes score measurement reliability into account and (b) how SEM may shed some limited light on causal issues. Third, 10 commandments for proper SEM behavior are presented.



Structural equation modeling (SEM; also variously called covariance structure analysis and, somewhat speciously, causal modeling) is being increasingly used within the social science literature. Indeed, it would be difficult to locate recent issues of social science journals in which some SEM applications were not reported. And one new journal--<u>Structural Equation Modeling: A</u> <u>Multidisciplinary Journal</u>--has been created that is exclusively devoted to SEM reports and issues. SEM has been termed "the single most important contribution of statistics to the social and behavioral sciences during the past twenty years" (Lomax, 1989, p. 171). Similarly, Stevens (1996) argued that SEM techniques "have been touted as one of the most important advances in quantitative methodology in many years" (p. 415). Many would regard this as an understatement, though it is also clear that SEM is sometimes used when much simpler methods would suffice.

It is also clear that SEM is sometimes not correctly used. Of course, some misuses and errors are to be expected with a method that is relatively new, that is still undergoing refinement at a seemingly exponential rate, and that many social scientists are still learning.

SEM has historical roots in two major classical traditions. First, SEM always invokes a "measurement model" specifying that the measured/observed variables reflect underlying latent/synthetic variables, and sometimes is even used exclusively to investigate measurement issues (i.e., "confirmatory factor analysis"); this aspect of structural modeling dates back to factor analysis theory



А '2 articulated by Spearman (1904). Second, sometimes a regression structure among the latent/synthetic variables defined by the measurement model(s), called a "structural model", is also specified and tested; this aspect of SEM can be traced back to path analysis methods (cf. Wright, 1921, 1934).

However, the modern roots of SEM can be traced especially to the theoretical developments formulated by Karl Jöreskog (cf. 1967, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1978), and to the computer program, LISREL (i.e., analysis of <u>LI</u>near <u>S</u>tructural <u>REL</u>ationships) developed by Jöreskog and his colleagues (e.g., Jöreskog & Sörbom, 1989). Today, modern SEM software is extremely user-friendly, and allows users of microcomputers to declare models to be tested using software-aided drawings and point-and-click menus. Particularly respected today for both their technical accuracy and their user-friendliness are the two microcomputer software packages, EQS (Bentler, 1992a) and AMOS (Arbuckle, 1997).

Accessible short treatments of SEM have been provided by Baldwin (1989), Mueller (1997), and Lomax (1989). Extraordinarily good longer treatments, which include numerous examples and focus on EQS and LISREL, are the various works by Barbara Byrne (cf. 1994, 1998; also see Long (1983a, 1983b)).

The purpose of the present paper is to provide a user-friendly introduction to and guidance regarding some of the basic issues that must be resolved to conduct structural equation modeling. First, seven key issues that must be considered in any SEM analysis are explained. Second, heuristic SEM analyses involving structural



models are presented to make clear in a concrete fashion (a) how SEM takes score measurement reliability into account and (b) how SEM may shed some limited light on causal issues. Third, 10 commandments for proper SEM behavior are proffered.

## Seven Key Decisions in SEM Analysis

### 1. Matrix of Associations to Analyze

Most researchers today (hopefully) realize that all parametric statistical analyses are special cases within a single general linear model (GLM) family. In one of his innumerable seminal contributions, the late Jacob "Jack" Cohen (1968) demonstrated that multiple regression subsumes all the univariate parametric methods (e.g.,  $\underline{t}$ -test, ANOVA, ANCOVA) as special cases. Subsequently, Knapp (1978) presented mathematical theory showing that canonical correlation analysis subsumes all the parametric analyses, both univariate and multivariate, as special cases. Fan (1996a) and Thompson (1984, 1991) present concrete demonstrations of these relationships.

However, structural equation modeling (SEM) is an even bigger conceptual tent subsuming narrower special cases (Bagozzi, Fornell & Larcker, 1981), including both canonical correlation analysis and multiple regression. Illustrations of these relationships have been offered by Fan (1997) and by Thompson (1998a).

The general linear model is a powerful heuristic device that can help researchers see three important commonalities that exist across various analytic methods. First, all these methods use weights (e.g., regression beta weights, standardized canonical



function coefficients) to optimize explained variance and minimize model error variance. Second, all the methods focus on the latent synthetic variables (e.g., the regression  $\hat{Y}$  variable, factor scores) created by applying the weights (e.g., beta weights) to scores on measured/observed variables (e.g., regression predictor variables); we take these latent/synthetic variables as measures of our constructs. Third, all analytic methods are correlational (Knapp, 1978; Thompson, 1998a) and yield variance-accounted-for effect sizes analogous to  $\underline{r}^2$  (e.g.,  $R^2$ ,  $\eta^2$ ,  $\omega^2$ ).

The commonality that all parametric methods apply weights to the measured/observed variables to compute latent/synthetic variables is obscured by the inherently confusing language of traditional statistics. As I have noted elsewhere, the weights in different analyses

> ...are all analogous, but are given different names in different analyses (e.g., beta weights in regression, pattern coefficients in factor analysis, discriminant function coefficients in discriminant analysis, and canonical function coefficients in canonical correlation analysis), mainly to obfuscate the commonalities of [all] parametric methods, and to confuse graduate students. (Thompson, 1992, pp. 906-907)

Indeed, both the weight systems (e.g., regression equation, factor, canonical function) and the synthetic variables (e.g., the regression  $\hat{Y}$  variable, factor scores, discriminant function scores)



are also arbitrarily given different names across the analyses, again mainly so as to confuse the graduate students.

The first step of GLM analyses often involves the computation of a matrix of associations (e.g., Pearson product-moment correlation matrix, variance/covariance matrix) among the measured/observed variables. In fact, with only this matrix (as will be seen momentarily) many GLM analyses can be replicated.

SEM analyses can be based on numerous matrices of association (e.g., product-moment correlation, polychoric correlation). Some researchers prefer to analyze Pearson correlation coefficients. These association coefficients are "scale-free," because the standard deviations of a given pair of variables have been removed from the covariance of the two variables by division (i.e.,  $r_{XY} =$  $COV_{XY}$  / [SD<sub>X</sub> \* SD<sub>Y</sub>]). Thus, the weights derived from these correlations are themselves "scale-free," and can be more readily interpreted in relation to each other because all the measured variables have been effectively "standardized" by this process.

However, most SEM theory was developed for application with the matrix of associations among the measured/observed variables being a variance/covariance matrix (i.e., variances on the diagonal, covariances off the diagonal). And it has been established that while using the product-moment correlation matrix may be appropriate with some models, for other models some SEM statistics will be incorrect unless the variance/covariance matrix is employed (Cudeck, 1989).

It is also very important that the level of scale of the



measured variables (e.g., categorical/nominal, ordinal/ranked, continuous/interval) is honored when selecting a given matrix of associations to be computed and analyzed. Of course, to some degree judgments about measurement scale are subjective, and researchers may reasonably disagree regarding some of these decisions. However, data might be analyzed using a variety of plausible matrices of association, to confirm that results are not artifacts of methods choices.

### 2. Model Identification

When we conduct analyses, we are fitting a model to our data and estimating the weights and other parameters (e.g., latent variable variances and/or covariances) associated with that model. A critically important issue in this process involves determining whether the model is *"identified"*. A model is identified if, given the model and the data, a single set of weights and other model parameters can be computed. If infinitely many sets of weights and other parameters are plausible, the parameters are mathematically indeterminate, and the model is not identified (i.e., "underidentified"). As Byrne (1998) noted, "statistical identification is a complex topic that is difficult to explain in nontechnical terms" (p. 28; see Mueller (1997, pp. 358-359) for a fairly accessible summary of the conditions sufficient for model identification).

One key issue as regards identification involves degrees of freedom. The notion of identification can be partially explored in the context of classical statistics (e.g., product-moment correlation, multiple regression). The degrees of freedom total in



classical univariate analyses equals n-1. If we have scores of only two people on only two variables, the model degrees of freedom is 1 and the degrees of freedom error is 0; here, no matter what the scores on the two variables, the  $r^2$  value can only be 1.0. This result can be computed, although the computation is a waste of time, because only one result is plausible when a model is "justidentified". Similarly, scores of three people on one criterion variable and two predictor variables would yield a degrees of freedom error of 0, and an inescapable  $R^2$  value of 1.0.

In SEM degrees of freedom total is a function of the number of nonredundant pieces of information present in the matrix of associations being analyzed (and <u>not</u> of the number of people). For example, with eight measured variables, there would be eight variances and 28 nonredundant (either below or above the diagonal) covariances ([8 \* (8-1)] / 2 = [8 \* 7] / 2 = 56 / 2 = 28). This would result in 36 (8 + 28 = 36 = [8 \* (8+1)] / 2 = 72 / 2) degrees of freedom being available for any SEM model being fit to these data.

In SEM each parameter (e.g., weight, path coefficient, variance of or covariance among latent/synthetic variables) that we estimate takes one degree of freedom. Thus, for the problem involving eight measured variables, if we specify a model involving the estimation of 36 model parameters, the model will be justidentified. These parameters can be estimated (i.e., the parameters are mathematically determined, with only one plausible set of estimates). However, the results from a just-identified SEM model



are just as interesting as were the results from an  $r^2$  analysis involving scores of two people on two measured/observed variables (i.e., interest in the results for a model with zero degrees of freedom equals that degrees of freedom), because such models will always exactly reproduce the analyzed matrix of associations.

We are scientifically most interested in SEM models that spend fewer degrees of freedom (i.e., estimate fewer model parameters), and are thus more parsimonious. When models have more degrees of freedom (i.e., there are a lot more degrees of freedom total than the number of estimated parameters), but still do reasonably well at reproducing the matrix of associations, there are more ways in which the models are potentially falsifiable, and so such models represent more rigorous and persuasive tests of our conceptions of latent constructs (Mulaik, 1987, 1988; Mulaik, James, van Alstine, Bennett, Lind & Stilwell, 1989). In other words, we prefer models that are considerably "over-identified."

Having more than zero degrees of freedom is a necessary-butnot-sufficient condition for model identification. That is, we simply cannot estimate the parameters for any "under-identified" model.

SEM computer programs tend to run diagnostics that indicate when models have not been identified. When this occurs, some parameters for which estimates were initially requested (i.e., "freed" to be estimated) must be "fixed" as not being estimated (e.g., a weight or the latent/synthetic variable's variance is "fixed" to equal 1.0, or the error variance of a measured/observed



variable is "fixed" to equal .0).

## 3. Parameter Estimation Theory

Classical univariate and multivariate parametric analyses (e.g., <u>t</u>-tests, ANOVA, descriptive discriminant analysis) invoke a statistical theory of parameter estimation called "ordinary least squares". There are, in fact, numerous other statistical theories that can be invoked to estimate freed model parameters. Among these various alternatives are "maximum likelihood" (ML), "generalized least squares" (GLS), and "asymptotically distribution-free" (ADF; Browne, 1984) estimation theories. The various estimation theories differ as regards both their assumptions and their theoretical properties.

For example, as regards assumptions both maximum likelihood and generalized least squares estimations presume that the data course, have a multivariate normal distribution. Of this distributional assumption also invokes issues involving the measurement scale of the measured/observed variables, because, for example, dichotomous variables cannot be even univariate normally if the dichotomous variable scores distributed, even are symmetrical. ADF estimation, on the other, does not require the assumption of multivariate normal distribution. West, Finch and Curran (1995) review some relevant issues and choices regarding distributional assumptions.

In most SEM computer programs ML estimation is the default. Perhaps for this reason maximum likelihood estimation is used with considerable frequency. ML estimates seek to estimate parameters



that best reproduce the estimated *population* variance/covariance matrix. Of course, this may be another reason for the frequent use of this estimation method, since accurate estimates of population parameters in theory should result in result replicability.

#### 4. Multivariate Normality

A necessary but not sufficient condition for multivariate normality is bivariate normality of all pairwise combinations of the measured/observed variables. In turn, a necessary but not sufficient condition for bivariate normality is univariate normality of all the measured/observed variables.

However, even just univariate normality is a more elusive concept than most researchers realize (Bump, 1991). There are infinitely many univariate normal data distributions, each differing in appearance. [Some researchers have been lulled into the misconception that all univariate normal distributions have a single classic "bell shape," because almost all textbooks only present graphs of the normal distributions of  $\underline{z}$ -scores. However, for data not in  $\underline{z}$ -score form, there are infinitely many plausible symmetrical distributions that are normal, but that differ markedly in appearance.]

There is no definitely superior method by which to establish that the multivariate normal distribution assumption has been met, so that certain estimation theories can then be employed. Ashcraft (1998) reviews some of the available choices.

One user-friendly method for evaluating multivariate normality invokes a graphical procedure. Thompson (1990) describes this



method in more detail. Appendix A presents an SPSS for Windows version of this program. Fan (1996b) has made available a SAS version of this program.

# 5. Model Misspecification and Specification Searches

All over-identified models portray the relationships among measured and latent variables. The goal is to specify these relationships for the population, so that future samples from the same population will yield comparable findings. The model is overidentified partly so that the model is falsifiable, but also because we seek simplifications of reality that remain useful but make our understandings of reality more manageable. As Mueller (1997) noted,

> A structural equation model is nothing more than an oversimplified approximation of reality, no matter how carefully conceptualized. A good model can be characterized as featuring an appropriate balance between efforts to represent a complex phenomenon in the simplest [most parsimonious] way and to retain enough complexity that [still] leads to the most meaningful [and true] interpretations possible. (p. 365)

A perfectly "specified" over-identified model would perfectly reproduce the associations among the measured/observed variables. However, because the model is over-identified, the model will never perfectly reproduce data in either the sample or the population. Thus, we must somehow evaluate whether the model is sufficiently



adequate to remain both reasonably manageable and reasonably correct.

<u>Model Misspecification</u>. If the model is deemed to not be correct, the model is deemed "mispecified". Making this judgment is critical, because the SEM parameter (e.g., weights, variances, covariances) estimation processes

> all fail to provide correct sample estimates, standard errors, and data-model fit chi-square statistics... if the model under consideration is misspecified and does not reflect at least a very close approximation to the true structure in the population. (Mueller, 1997, p. 359)

Of course, since a simplified model of reality is always at least partially misspecified, making the judgment as to when a model is misspecified can be challenging.

Through the years myriad fit statistics have been developed to aid in making these judgments. Byrne (1998, pp. 109-119) reviews some of the fit statistics provided by the SEM computer programs. Arbuckle (1997, pp. 551-572) summarizes some of the relevant formulae used to compute these statistics, and summarizes a bit of the literature on rules of thumb for interpreting these values.

However, the stark, harsh reality is that we still have much to learn regarding both how these SEM fit statistics operate under different conditions and what should be the cutoffs for declaring reasonable model fit. Indeed, until recently too much of the Monte Carlo simulation work on these issues failed to use misspecified



models, meaning that the results did not directly bear upon the real-world situation in which the model is at least partially misspecified and the researcher does not know for certain which or how many features of the model specification are correct (Fan, Thompson & Wang, in press; Fan, Wang & Thompson, 1997).

A very important consideration in evaluating the fit of a given model involves the modeling context of this judgment. The most persuasive case that a model has been correctly specified is created when a researcher finds differentially better fit of a given model against the fit of numerous other defensible, thoughtfully-formulated, rival plausible models. Thus, multiple models should usually be evaluated in any SEM project.

It is also critical to remember that even such findings do not conclusively establish that a single given model is definitively correct. Infinitely many models can fit a given data set. Thus, the fit of a single tested model is always an artifact of having not tested all possible models.

In any case, also remember that we are defining an overidentified model to simplify reality. We seek a simplification that we subjectively judge to be inherently somewhat inaccurate but still reasonably useful and more manageable. We are not seeking a single truth in the context of a simplification that inherently distorts some features of reality. We use model fit statistics to assist us in making these judgments, but the judgment we make is inherently subjective. We then must accept the responsibility for the construct definitions we formulate (Mulaik, 1994).



Model Fit Statistics. Given space limitations, only a few of the myriad model fit statistics can be reviewed here (Bentler, 1994). A  $\chi^2$  goodness-of-fit test statistic can be computed to test the null hypothesis that the variance/covariance matrix reproduced parameter estimates equals the freed model by the variance/covariance matrix (i.e., that the model exactly reproduces all observed relationships). This statistic is printed by all the SEM computer programs. Note that here, as against in traditional statistical significance testing, the researcher hopes to not reject this null hypothesis, so that the model can be taken as fitting the data.

Even though this application of statistical testing is a variant on usual practice, one of the numerous criticisms of classical statistical significance testing applies here also: the result is partially an artifact of sample size (cf. Cohen, 1994; Thompson, 1996, 1998b, in press-a, in press-b, in press-c). As Bentler and Bonett (1980) made very clear,

> [I]n very large samples virtually all models that one might consider would have to be rejected as statistically untenable... This procedure cannot be justified, since the chi-square variate  $\underline{v}$  can be

made small by simply reducing sample size. (p. 591) However, the chi-square statistic can be of some use in comparing the fits of models for a given data set with a single sample size, particularly if the models are "nested" within each other (cf. Jöreskog & Sörbom, 1989, pp. 230-233).



The Goodness-of-Fit Index (GFI) and the Adjusted Goodness-of-Fit Index (AGFI) (Jöreskog & Sörbom, 1984) essentially compare the ability of a model to reproduce the variance/covariance matrix to the ability of no model at all to do so. The AGFI adjusts the GFI for the number of degrees of freedom expended in estimating the model parameters. Indices less than zero are treated as zero, and range up to one, with one indicating perfect model fit. Most researchers expect these values to be greater than .9 or .95 for correctly specified models.

The Root Mean-square Residual (RMR) evaluates the average residual value for the variance/covariance matrix reproduced by the model parameters and the actual variance/covariance matrix. The RMR can range down to zero, which would indicate perfect model fit. A well-fitting model will have values of "say, .05 or less" (Byrne, 1998, p. 115).

Bentler and Bonett (1980) proposed a Normed Fit Index (NFI), which compares model fit to that of a model for the same data presuming independence of the measured/observed variables. NFI ranges between zero and one, with higher values indicating better fit. Usually values greater than .9 or .95 are considered as reflecting adequate fit.

The Bentler and Bonett article has been one of the most widely cited articles in the psychological literature (see Bentler (1992b)). However, NFI has been shown to be an underestimate when small samples are used. Consequently, Bentler (1990) proposed an adjustment to the NFI, the *Comparative Fit Index* (CFI), which takes



sample size into account. Some have suggested that the CFI should be a fit statistic of choice in SEM research (Byrne, 1998).

Various parsimony-weighted fit indices have been proposed (see Mulaik et al. (1989), but also Marsh and Hu (1998)). These fit statistic weights, which range up to one and down to zero for justidentified models, are multiplied times indices such as the NFI, to take model complexity into account and reward models that estimate fewer parameters.

Some fit indices focus on estimated population fit. Steiger and Lind (1980) proposed a *Root Mean Square Error of Approximation* (RMSEA). As Byrne (1998) noted, RMSEA "has only recently been recognized as one of the most informative criteria in covariance structure modeling" (p. 112). Values approaching zero are desired, and "a value of .08 or less for RMSEA would indicate a reasonable error of approximation" (Browne & Cudeck, 1993).

The various fit indices provide a constellation of information about the competing models being considered in an SEM analysis. Because some of the different fit indices evaluate different aspects of fit, it is important to evaluate fit based on multiple fit statistics, so that judgments will not be an artifact of analytic choice. Furthermore, as Byrne (1998) so correctly emphasized, "[A]ssessment of model adequacy must be based on multiple criteria that take into account theoretical, statistical, and practical considerations" (p. 119).

<u>Specification Search</u>. In addition to providing fit indices for a given model, SEM analyses also provide important information



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regarding exactly where potential model specification errors may have occurred. There are two possible types of errors, and different information is used to evaluate each of the possibilities.

First, model misspecification may involve having "freed" a parameter to be estimated when, if fact, the parameter is not very useful in reproducing relationships, and should instead have been "fixed" (e.g., two latent/synthetic variables should have been constrained to be uncorrelated in the model, or the measurement error variance of a measured/observed variable should have been constrained to be zero). In classical statistics, the ratio of a mean to the standard error of the mean can be computed, and is called the calculated test statistic,  $\underline{t}$ . For most sample sizes, a  $\underline{t}_{CALCULATED}$  greater than two in absolute value is statistically significant at approximately the  $\alpha$ =.05 level.

In SEM <u>t</u> statistics (sometimes also called Wold statistics) can be computed by dividing any given parameter estimate by its standard error. Any ratio less than |2| suggests a possible model specification error in the form of "freeing" a parameter than instead might have been "fixed."

Second, model misspecification may involve having "fixed" a parameter to not be estimated when, if fact, the parameter might be very useful in reproducing relationships, and should instead have been "freed." SEM computer programs upon request will provide modification indices for each "fixed" model parameter; these modification indices indicate approximately how much smaller (i.e.,



better) the model chi-square statistic would get if a given "fixed" parameter was instead "freed." Large values for these indices may indicate that freeing a given fixed parameter should be considered.

The process of modifying an *a priori* model based on such results is called a *specification search*. This practice is considerably controversial (see Mueller (1997)), unless the model is changed based on statistical results for one sample, and then the re-specified model is evaluated in an independent sample. Clearly, the more model features that are altered based on sample results, the greater is the likelihood that sampling error variance (i.e., the variability reflecting the idiosyncratic and nonreplicable features of a given sample) is being capitalized on, leading then to non-replicable model fit.

Furthermore, model specification should never be based on blind dust-bowl empiricism. Models should only be re-specified in those cases where the researcher can articulate a persuasive rationale as to why the modification is theoretically and practically defensible.

## 6. Sample Size

Structural equation modeling is inherently a **large-sample** technique. At least four cases in which especially even larger samples are needed can be noted. First, even larger samples are needed as more measured/observed variables are employed. Second, even larger samples are required as more complex models are evaluated. Third, even larger samples are needed when more elegant parameter estimation theories (e.g., asymptotically distribution-



free estimation) are employed. Fourth, even larger samples are needed if the researcher is going to do any model search specification.

Some have suggested that sample size should be at least 200 (Baldwin, 1989). Similarly, Lomax (1989) suggested "a sample size of at least 100 (if not 200)" (p. 189). Furthermore, it has been suggested that the ratio of the number of people to the number of measured/observed variables should be at least 10:1 (Mueller, 1998), if not 15:1 or 20:1. Thus, in even the most straightforward SEM applications, sample size should probably be the minimum of (a) 100 to 200 people, or (b) an n:v ratio of at least 10:1 or 15:1. MacCallum, Browne and Sugawara (1996) have provided some statistical methods for more precisely estimating the sample size necessary for a given SEM problem.

## 7. Measurement Model Adequacy

As noted previously, SEM structural models incorporate several measurement models in which measured/observed variables are taken as reflecting underlying latent constructs in the form of latent/synthetic variables, and the regression path models of some of these latent/synthetic variables with each other are then estimated. Researchers have increasingly recognized that the measurement models within SEM structural models have often been the weak links in past SEM analyses.

Put simply, if the specified measurement models do not fit the measured variables, then knowing the relationships among the latent/synthetic variables defined by these measurement models is



essentially useless. Thus, some researchers (cf. Anderson & Gerbing, 1988) have recommended that SEM structural analyses should be approached as a two-step hierarchical process: first confirm that the specified measurement models all fit their respective data, and only then explore the structural relationships among the latent/synthetic variables.

It has been generally agreed that it is useful to explore the measurement models embedded within structural models prior to evaluating the structural models. However, some have argued that measurement models may also be reasonably re-evaluated and perhaps respecified within the subsequent structural model analyses (see Hayduk, 1996).

But it is quite clear that bad measurement models make the related structural models uninteresting. And some researchers have paid inadequate attention to the fit of the measurement models they have specified within their structural models.

## Heuristic SEM Application

To make this discussion concrete, heuristic SEM analyses involving the data reported by Bagozzi (1980) will be summarized (also see Jöreskog & Sörbom (1989, pp. 151-156)). The study investigated the job satisfaction and job performance of 122 workers. The relevant data are presented in Table 1.

## INSERT TABLE 1 ABOUT HERE.

Here only selected models are evaluated to illustrate previously made ideas and to emphasize some new concepts as well. Given space considerations, all relevant analyses are not reported.



For example, here measurement model adequacy is not initially evaluated prior to structural equation modeling.

Here the primary model of interest is portrayed in Figure 1. This model will be referenced as Model A. In Model A, as is conventional, (a) measured/observed variables are designated within boxes, (b) latent/synthetic variables are represented within circles or ovals, and (c) correlations or covariances are represented by two-headed arrows.

# INSERT FIGURE 1 ABOUT HERE.

Also as is conventional, measured/observed variables are taken as being the joint function of measurement error plus the underlying construct (thus the arrows proceed from the latent variables to the relevant measured variables, and not vice versa). This model asserts (a) that job satisfaction is a function of both achievement motivation and verbal intelligence, (b) that job performance is solely a function of task-specific self esteem, and that (c) job performance predicts job satisfaction, and not vice versa.

The relevant maximum-likelihood parameter estimates for this structural model are also presented in Table 2. Table 3 presents some fit statistics for this model (and others) for these data.

## INSERT TABLES 2 AND 3 ABOUT HERE.

Variations on this model test are explored here to emphasize two major ideas. First, the integral and unique role of *measurement error variance* within structural equation modeling is explained and



explored. Second, the mechanisms and nature of SEM *causal modeling* are illustrated.

#### Role of Measurement Error Variance Within SEM

Too few researchers understand either what reliability is, or how reliability impacts statistical analyses. For example, some researchers persist in erroneously referring to the "reliability of the test" (see Reinhardt (1996), Thompson (1994), and especially Vacha-Haase (1998)).

In classical statistical analyses (e.g., ANOVA, regression, canonical correlation analysis), measurement error impacts parameter estimates and attenuates detected effect sizes (Thompson, 1994). But in classical analyses these measurement effects are not directly explored and evaluated. The primary distinguishing feature of structural equation modeling is that score reliability (i.e., [1 - measurement error variance] / total score variance) is directly considered (Stevens, 1996, p. 415).

In the present model, some of the measurement error variances (i.e.,  $[1 - \text{the score reliability coefficients}] * the score variances) were "freed" to be estimated. For example, as reported in both Figure 1 and Table 2, the measurement error variance of the measured variable "Achievement Motivation measure #1" was estimated to be <math>\delta_1$ =2.571. Since the variance of this measured variable, reported in Table 1, was 3.802, the reliability coefficient for this measured/observed variable was poor (i.e., [1 - 2.571] / 3.802 = .324).

Also in Model A some measured variables were presumed to be



measured with perfect reliability (i.e.,  $\epsilon_1=0$  for the measured job performance variable). But the measurement error variance for the measured "Verbal Intelligence Variable," although also "fixed" (i.e., not estimated), was not constrained to equal zero. Instead, a score reliability coefficient of .85 was presumed, based on previous reliability generalization research (Vacha-Haase, 1998) or some theoretical expectation. Therefore, the measurement error variance was "fixed" as 1.998 (i.e., [1 - .85] \* the measured score variance of 13.323 reported in Table 1 = .15 \* 13.323 = 1.998).

For heuristic purposes, a second model (Model B) was fit to the Table 1 data. The only difference in Model A and Model B was that score reliability for the measured variable, "Verbal Intelligence Variable," was "fixed" to zero in Model B (i.e., perfect score reliability on this measured variable was assumed). Table 2 also presents the parameter estimates for Model B.

Compare the Table 2 parameters estimated for these two models. Notice how changing just slightly the error variance for just one measured variables changes (at least slightly) the parameter estimates throughout the entire model.

Classical statistical analyses (e.g., ANOVA, canonical correlation analyses) presume no measurement error variance for any of the measured variables, while SEM models are usually specified to estimate and to take into account measurement error variance for all or most of the measured/observed variables. Think how different the parameter estimates even for the same data may therefore be across SEM as against non-SEM analyses, since usually all or none,



respectively, of the score reliability coefficients are taken into account in making parameter estimates! Which analytic model best honors a reality where measured/observed variables are not measured with perfect reliability?

### <u>SEM as "Causal Modeling"</u>

As noted at the outset, historically some have referred to structural equation modeling as "causal modeling." Here the mechanisms for this thinking are illustrated. But some strong cautions are also noted.

Model A specified that the latent/synthetic variable "Job Performance" predicts "Job Satisfaction," and not vice versa. Model C was identical to Model A except that "Job Performance" and "Job Satisfaction" were presumed to reciprocally predict each other. Finally, Model D specified that "Job Satisfaction" predicts "Job Performance," and not vice versa.

The maximum-likelihood parameters estimates for these three models are all presented in Table 2. Table 3 presents various fit and other statistics for these three rival models. The tabled results indicate that Model D ("Job Satisfaction" predicts "Job Performance," and not vice versa) is less satisfactory than the other two models. For example, the chi-square and the chi-squareto-df ratio (1.556) is considerably inferior (i.e., larger) for Model D.

As regards the judgment between Model A and Model C, the critical issue involves the Wold or  $\underline{t}$  statistics for the freed parameters. As reported in Table 3, the  $\underline{t}$  value for estimating "Job



Satisfaction" predicted by "Job Performance" was 4.239 (.594 / .140). In Model C the same  $\underline{t}$  value was 3.887 (.816 / 3.887). However, in Model C the  $\underline{t}$  statistic for estimating "Job Performance" predicted by "Job Satisfaction" was |1.362| (|-.220| / .161). These results suggest that Model A may be more correctly specified.

But does this suggest that Model A is a superior "causal model"? Certainly some insight regarding causality might be inferred from the comparisons made here.

However, making such inferences would be extremely controversial. The view here is that definitive causal evidence can only be extrapolated from thoughtfully designed true experiments. Given a non-experimental design, such as yielded the present data, correlational analysis of such data yield inherently ambiguous causal results.

The argument can be framed as regards the context-specificity of all GLM weights (see Thompson (1998)). If we added or subtracted a single measured/observed variable, all the parameters might change quite dramatically. This is one aspect of model specification (i.e., are the exactly correct and only the exactly correct measured variables present?).

If we were certain that we had exactly (and only) the correct measured variables, then SEM might bear more powerfully on issues of causality. But as Pedhazur (1982) has noted, "The rub, however, is that the true model is seldom, if ever, known" (p. 229). And as Duncan (1975) has noted, "Indeed it would require no elaborate



sophistry to show that we will never have the 'right' model in any absolute sense" (p. 101).

### The Ten Commandments for Good SEM Behavior

Huberty and Morris (1998) have observed that, "As in all of statistical inference, subjective judgment cannot be avoided. Neither can reasonableness!" (p. 573). This is true throughout the panorama of statistical methods. But judgment and reasonableness are especially the *sine qua non* of structural equation modeling.

Here some basic precepts and principles have been laid out to guide the novice modeler is exercising this judgment. Some of the principles can be summarized in the form of the following 10 Commandments for Good SEM Behavior:

- 10. Don't use SEM with small samples.
  - 9. Carefully consider the levels of scale and distributions of measured/observed variables when selecting the matrix of associations to be analyzed.
  - 8. All things equal, prefer well-fitting more parsimonious models, since their fit is least an artifact of the model being nearly just-identified.
  - 7. When using estimation theories requiring multivariate normality, use measured/observed variables that can be normally distributed, and empirically evaluate whether the distributional assumption is met.
  - 6. Use multiple fit statistics, because several fit statistics consider different aspects or conceptions of fit, so that a judgment of correct specification will not be an artifact of analytic choice, and because we still have much to learn about the behavior of these statistics.
  - 5. In evaluating model specification, in addition to considering statistical evidence, "assessment of model adequacy must be based on multiple criteria that [also] take into account theoretical... and practical considerations" (Byrne, 1998, p. 119) [i.e., remember that we define the constructs we use, and are responsible for making and defending these decisions].



- 4. Individually evaluate the measurement models prior to evaluating a structural equation model [but consider reformulating measurement models if structural modeling then suggests this may be appropriate].
- 3. Test multiple plausible rival models, so that stronger evidence supporting the correct specification of a model can be adduced.
- 2. Regarding specification searches, require larger samples, test the re-specified model with a "hold-out" or independent sample, and never change a specification unless you can offer a theoretical justification for the changes to the *a priori* model.
- 1. Never conclude that a model has been definitively proven, because infinitely many models can fit any given data set [thus, the fit of a single tested model is always an artifact of having tested too few models].



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Table 1

Pearson Correlation Coefficients, Standard Deviations, and Variances/Covariances of the 8 Measured/Observed Variables

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	уı	y2	уз	<b>x1</b>	<b>x</b> 2	<b>x</b> 3	<b>x</b> 4	<b>x</b> 5
<u>SD</u>	2.09	3.43	2.81	1.95	2.06	2.16	2.06	3.65
уl	1.000ª 2.090 <sup>b</sup> 2.090 <sup>c</sup> 4.368 <sup>d</sup>							
у2	0.418 2.090 3.430 2.997							
У3	0.394 2.090 2.810 2.314	0.627 3.430 2.810 6.043	1.000 2.810 2.810 7.896					
<b>x1</b>	0.129 2.090 1.950 0.526	0.202 3.430 1.950 1.351	0.266 2.810 1.950 1.458	1.000 1.950 1.950 3.802				
x2	0.189 2.090 2.060 0.814	0.284 3.430 2.060 2.007	0.208 2.810 2.060 1.204	0.365 1.950 2.060 1.466				
х3	0.544 2.090 2.160 2.456	0.281 3.430 2.160 2.082	0.324 2.810 2.160 1.967	0.201 1.950 2.160 0.847	0.161 2.060 2.160 0.716	1.000 2.160 2.160 4.666		
<b>x</b> 4	0.507 2.090 2.060 2.183	0.225 3.430 2.060 1.590	0.314 2.810 2.060 1.818	0.172 1.950 2.060 0.691	0.174 2.060 2.060 0.738	0.546 2.160 2.060 2.429	1.000 2.060 2.060 4.244	
<b>x</b> 5	2.090 3.650	-0.156 3.430 3.650 -1.953	2.810 3.650	1.950 3.650	2.060 3.650	2.160 3.650	2.060 3.650	1.000 3.650 3.650 13.323



<u>Note</u>. "y1" = Performance measure; "y2" = Job Satisfaction measure #1; "y3" = Job Satisfaction measure #2; "x1" = Achievement Motivation measure #1; "x2" = Achievement Motivation measure #2; "x3" = Task-specific Self Esteem measure #1; "x4" = Task-specific Self Esteem measure #2; "x5" = Verbal Intelligence measure.

<sup>a</sup>Pearson <u>r</u> between two measured/observed variables ( $r_{XY} = COV_{XY}$  / ( $SD_x \times SD_y$ ))

<sup>b</sup>Standard deviation of one measured/observed variable in a given variable pair

'Standard deviation of the other measured/observed variable in a given variable pair

<sup>d</sup>Variance of a given measured/observed variable, if on the diagonal, or the covariance between two measured/observed variables  $(COV_{XY} = r_{XY} (SD_X) (SD_Y))$ , if off-diagonal



### Table 2 Parameter Estimates for 4 Model Variations

Maximum-Likelihood Freed/Estimated and the Fixed, Non-zero (in Parentheses) Parameters for the Figure 1 Model (Performance Predicts Job Satisfaction; Reliability of Verbal Intelligence  $(X_5)$  Scores Fixed as <u>.85</u>) [see Appendix B for the LISREL commands and results]

Predictor Measurement Error Variances $\delta_1=2.571$ $\delta_2=2.566$ $(\delta_5=1.998)$ $\delta_3=1.931$ $\delta_4=2.213$	Predictor Measurement Parameters $(\lambda_{1,1}=1)$ $\lambda_{2,1}=1.168$ $(\lambda_{5,3}=1)$ $(\lambda_{3,2}=1)$ $\lambda_{4,2}=0.862$	Syn Cov $\phi_{2,1}$ $\phi_{3,1}$	dictor thetic ariances =0.751 =-1.627 =-2.303	Predictor Construct Path Coefficients $\gamma_{2,1}=1.228$ $\gamma_{2,3}=0.213$ $\gamma_{1,2}=0.923$	
4	Criterion Synthetic Path Coefficien $\beta_{2,1}=0.594$		Criterion Synthetic Error Variances $\zeta_2=3.865$ $\zeta_1=2.038$	Criterion Measurement Parameters $(\lambda_{2,2}=1)$ $\lambda_{3,2}=0.831$ $(\lambda_{1,1}=1)$	Criterion Measurement Error Variances $\epsilon_2=4.492$ $\epsilon_3=2.875$ $[\epsilon_1=0]$

Maximum-Likelihood Freed/Estimated and the Fixed, Non-zero (in Parentheses) Parameters for the Model that Performance Predicts Job Satisfaction with Reliability of Verbal Intelligence Scores  $(X_5)$  Fixed as <u>1.0</u> [see Appendix C for the LISREL commands and results]

Predictor Measurement Error Variances $\delta_1=2.571$ $\delta_2=2.562$ ==> $[\delta_5=0]$ $\delta_3=1.930$	Predictor Measurement Parameters $(\lambda_{1,1}=1)$ $\lambda_{2,1}=1.169$ $(\lambda_{5,3}=1)$ $(\lambda_{3,2}=1)$	Syn Cov $\phi_{2,1}$ $\phi_{3,1}$	dictor thetic ariances =0.747 =-1.628 =-2.316	Predictor Construct Path Coefficients $\gamma_{2,1}=1.179$ $\gamma_{2,3}=0.175$ $\gamma_{1,2}=0.923$	
δ <sub>4</sub> =2.215	$\lambda_{4,2}=0.861$ Criterion Synthetic Path Coefficies $\beta_{2,1}=0.583$		Criterion Synthetic Error Variances $\zeta_2=3.925$ $\zeta_1=2.038$	Criterion Measurement Parameters $(\lambda_{2,2}=1)$ $\lambda_{3,2}=0.834$ $(\lambda_{1,1}=1)$	Criterion Measurement Error Variances $\epsilon_2=4.517$ $\epsilon_3=2.858$ $[\epsilon_1=0]$



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Table 2 (cont.)

Maximum-Likelihood Freed/Estimated and the Fixed, Non-zero (in Parentheses) Parameters for the Model that Performance and Job Satisfaction Reciprocally Predict Each Other with Reliability of Verbal Intelligence Scores  $(X_5)$  Fixed as .85 [see Appendix D for the LISREL commands and results]

Predictor				Predictor	
Measurement	Predictor	Pred	dictor	Construct	
Error	Measurement	Synt	thetic	Path	
Variances	Parameters	Cova	ariances	Coefficients	
<b>δ</b> 1=2.506	$(\lambda_{1,1}=1)$	$\phi_{2,1}$	=0.773	$\gamma_{2,1} = 1.057$	
<b>δ<sub>2</sub>=2.566</b>	$\lambda_{2,1} = 1.138$	$\phi_{3,1}$	=-1.648	$\gamma_{2,3} = 0.265$	
[ <b>δ</b> <sub>5</sub> =1.998]	$(\lambda_{5,3}=1)$	$\phi_{3,2}$	=-2.235	$\gamma_{1,2}=1.111$	
<b>δ</b> <sub>3</sub> =1.955	$(\lambda_{3,2}=1)$	-			
δ <sub>4</sub> =2.212	$\lambda_{4,2} = 0.866$				
	Criterion		Criterion		Criterion
	Synthetic		Synthetic	Criterion	Measurement
	Path		Error	Measurement	Error
	Coefficien		Variances	Parameters	Variances
	$\beta_{2,1}=0.816$		ζ₂=3.904	$(\lambda_{2,2}=1)$	$\epsilon_2 = 4.921$
=======	$\Rightarrow \beta_{1,2} =220$		ζ <sub>1</sub> =2.573	$\lambda_{3,2} = 0.881$	$\epsilon_3$ =2.578
				$(\lambda_{1,1}=1)$	[ <b>ε</b> <sub>1</sub> =0]

Maximum-Likelihood Freed/Estimated and the Fixed, Non-zero (in Parentheses) Parameters for the Model that Job Satisfaction Predicts Performance with Reliability of Verbal Intelligence  $(X_5)$  Scores Fixed as .85 [see Appendix E for the LISREL commands and results]

Predictor Measurement Error Variances $\delta_1=3.123$ $\delta_2=3.293$ $[\delta_5=1.998]$ $\delta_3=1.911$ $\delta_4=2.214$	Predictor Measurement Parameters $(\lambda_{1,1}=1)$ $\lambda_{2,1}=1.184$ $(\lambda_{5,3}=1)$ $(\lambda_{3,2}=1)$ $\lambda_{4,2}=0.858$	Predictor Synthetic Covariances $\phi_{2,1}=0.870$ $\phi_{3,1}=-1.629$ $\phi_{3,2}=-2.296$	Predictor Construct Path Coefficients $\gamma_{2,1}=3.208$ $\gamma_{2,3}=0.348$ $\gamma_{1,2}=0.801$	
	Criterion Synthetic Path Coefficie	Error nts Variances	Criterion Measurement Parameters $(\lambda_{2,2}=1)$ $\lambda_{3,2}=0.834$ $(\lambda_{1,1}=1)$	Criterion Measurement Error Variances $\epsilon_2=4.475$ $\epsilon_3=2.822$ $[\epsilon_1=0]$



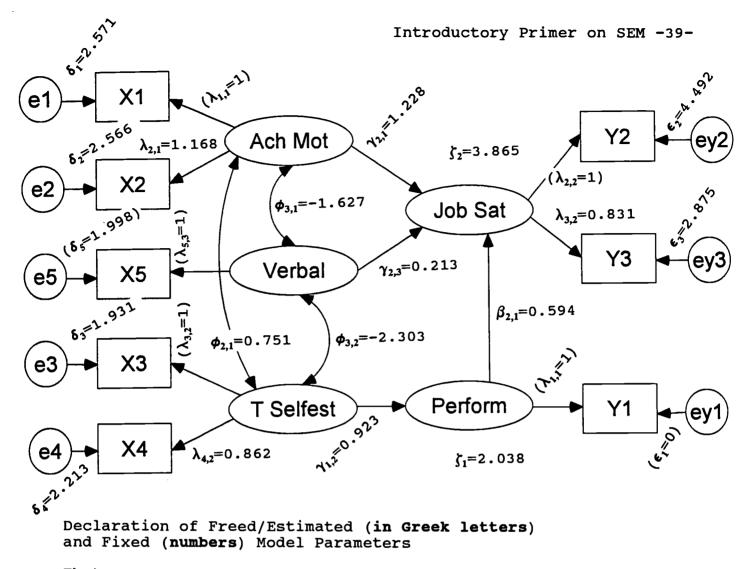
Table 3 A Few Fit Statistics for the Three Substantively Competitive Models (A, C, D)

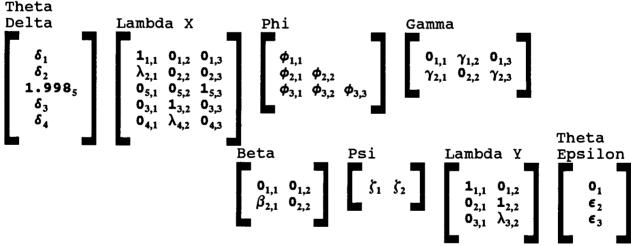
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		Mode1	
Statistic	A	С	D
chi square	14.19	12.12	23.34
n of parameter estimates	21	22	21
df	15	14	15
chi square to df ratio	0.946	0.866	1.556
goodness of fit index (GFI)	0.969	0.974	0.953
adjusted goodness of fit index (AGFI)	0.926	0.932	0.886
root mean-square residual (RMR)	0.285	0.287	0.304
coef of determination for 5 $\underline{X}$ variables	0.974	0.974	0.961
coef of determination for structural equations	0.663	0.547	0.797
	0.594	0.816	
$ \begin{array}{c} \beta_{(2,1)} \\ \text{SE} & \beta_{(2,1)} \end{array} $	0.140	0.210	
$\beta_{(2,1)}$ / SE	4.239	3.887	
$\beta_{(1,2)}$		-0.220	0.150
$SE^{(1,2)}$		0.161	0.078
$\beta_{(1,2)}$ / SE		-1.362	1.928

<u>Note</u>. With 8 observed variables, available degrees of freedom equal 36 ([8 \* 9] / 2). If, for example, 21 parameters are estimated, the model's degrees of freedom equal 15 (36 - 21).







N.B. Given the reliability of the Verbal Intelligence scores was fixed (constrained) as equaling .85, the fixed error variance for this variable in this model equals the variance of this measured variable (13.323 from Table 1) times (1 - .85) [(1 - .85) 13.323 = (.15) 13.323 = 1.998].

Figure 1 Performance Predicts Job Satisfaction; Reliability of Verbal Intelligence Scores Fixed as .85



Introductory Primer on SEM -40-Appendix A

Appendix A

SPSS for Windows Version of Program MULTINOR to Evaluate Multivariate Normality

multino2.aer 10/11/97

multinor.sps SET BLANKS=SYSMIS UNDEFINED=WARN printback=list. TITLE 'MULTINOR.SPS tests multivar normality graphically\*\*\*\*'. COMMENT The original MULTINOR computer program was presented, COMMENT with examples, in: Thompson, B. (1990). MULTINOR: A FORTRAN program that COMMENT COMMENT assists in evaluating multivariate normality. COMMENT Educational and Psychological Measurement, 50, COMMENT 845-848. COMMENT COMMENT The logic and the data source for the example are from: COMMENT Stevens, J. (1986). Applied multivariate statistics COMMENT for the social sciences . Hillsdale, NJ: Erlbaum. COMMENT (pp. 207-212) COMMENT Here there are 3 variables for which multivariate COMMENT normality is being confirmed. COMMENT Note. The number of cases in actual practice should be COMMENT at least 25-30 for the graphical procedure to function COMMENT effectively. DATA LIST FILE='c:\spsswin\multinor.dat' FIXED RECORDS=1 TABLE /1 x1 1-3 (1) x2 5-7 (1) x3 9-11 (1). list variables=all/cases=9999/format=numbered . COMMENT 'y' is a variable automatically created by the program, and COMMENT does not have to modified for different data sets. compute y=\$casenum . print formats y(F5) . regression variables=y x1 to x3/ descriptive=mean stddev corr/ dependent=y/enter x1 to x3/ save=mahal(mahal) sort cases by mahal(a) . execute . list variables=y x1 to x3 mahal/cases=9999/format=numbered . COMMENT In the next TWO lines, for a given data set put the actual n COMMENT in place of the number '12' used for the example data set. loop #i=1 to 12. COMMENT In the next line, change '3' to whatever is the number COMMENT of variables. COMMENT The p critical value of chi square for a given case COMMENT is set as [the case number (after sorting) - .5] / the COMMENT sample size]. compute p=(\$casenum - .5) / 12. . compute chisq=idf.chisq(p,3) . end loop . print formats p chisq (F8.5) . list variables=y p mahal chisq/cases=9999/format=numbered . plot vertical='chi square'/ horizontal='Mahalabis distance'/ plot=chisq with mahal .



multinor.dat 2.4 2.1 2.4 3.5 1.8 3.9 6.7 3.6 5.9 5.3 3.3 6.1 5.2 4.1 6.4 3.2 2.7 4.0 4.5 4.9 5.7 3.9 4.7 4.7 4.0 3.6 2.9 5.7 5.5 6.2 2.4 2.9 3.2 2.7 2.6 4.1 multinor.1st -> SET BLANKS=SYSMIS UNDEFINED=WARN printback=list. -> TITLE 'MULTINOR.SPS tests multivar normality graphically\*\*\*\*'. -> COMMENT The original MULTINOR computer program was presented, -> COMMENT with examples, in: -> COMMENT Thompson, B. (1990). MULTINOR: A FORTRAN program that -> COMMENT assists in evaluating multivariate normality. -> COMMENT Educational and Psychological Measurement\_, 50, -> COMMENT 845-848. -> COMMENT -> COMMENT The logic and the data source for the example are from: -> COMMENT Stevens, J. (1986). Applied multivariate statistics -> COMMENT for the social sciences\_. Hillsdale, NJ: Erlbaum. -> COMMENT (pp. 207-212) -> COMMENT Here there are 3 variables for which multivariate -> COMMENT normality is being confirmed. -> DATA LIST -> FILE='c:\spsswin\multinor.dat' FIXED RECORDS=1 TABLE /1 x1 1-3 (1) x2 5-7 (1) x3 9-11 (1). -> -> list variables=all/cases=9999/format=numbered . X1 X2 X3 2.4 2.1 2.4 1 2 3.5 1.8 3.9 3 6.7 3.6 5.9 4 5.3 3.3 6.1 5 5.2 4.1 6.4 6 3.2 2.7 4.0 7 4.5 4.9 5.7 8 3.9 4.7 4.7 9 4.0 3.6 2.9 10 5.7 5.5 6.2 11 2.4 2.9 3.2 12 2.7 2.6 4.1 Number of cases read: 12 Number of cases listed: 12 -> COMMENT 'y' is a variable automatically created by the program, and -> COMMENT does not have to modified for different data sets. -> compute y=\$casenum .



Appendix A -> print formats y(F5) . -> regression variables=y x1 to x3/ descriptive=mean stddev corr/ -> dependent=y/enter x1 to x3/ -> -> save=mahal(mahal) . \* \* \* \* MULTIPLE REGRESSION \* \* \* Listwise Deletion of Missing Data Mean Std Dev Label 3.606 Y 6.500 X1 4.125 1.384 X2 3.483 1.147 Х3 4.625 1.406 N of Cases = 12 Correlation: Y Х3 X1 X2 1.000 -.044 Y -.207 .376 .845 1.000 X1 -.207 .606 .606 X2 .376 1.000 .656 -.044 .845 .656 1.000 Х3 \* \* \* \* MULTIPLE REGRESSION \* \* \* \* Equation Number 1 Dependent Variable.. Y Descriptive Statistics are printed on Page 83 X2 Х3 Block Number 1. Method: Enter X1 Variable(s) Entered on Step Number хз 1.. 2.. X2 3.. X1 Multiple R .66417 R Square .44112 .23154 Adjusted R Square Standard Error 3.16069 Analysis of Variance DF Sum of Squares Mean Square Regression 3 63.08053 21.02684 Residual 9.98993 8 79.91947  $\mathbf{F} =$ 2.10480 Signif F = .1780----- Variables in the Equation -----Variable В SE B Beta T Sig T X1 -1.9090971.296480 -.733029 -1.473.1791 X2 2.445453 1.110369 .778083 2.202 .0588 .9053 х3 .165296 1.345478 .064454 .123 5.092203 3.454771 1.474 .1787 (Constant) End Block Number 1 All requested variables entered. \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* MULTIPLE REGRESSION Equation Number 1 Dependent Variable.. Y **Residuals Statistics:** 

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Mean Std Dev Min Max Ν 9.9172 2.0801 6.5000 \*PRED 2.3947 12 .0000 \*ZPRED -1.8457 1.4270 1.0000 12 .3534 \*SEPRED 1.2118 2.4798 1.7932 12 .6074 \*ADJPRED 10.6661 6.2406 2.9511 12 -5.0425 .0000 \*RESID 5.0265 2.6954 12 \*ZRESID -1.5954 1.5903 .0000 .8528 12 \*SRESID -1.9334 1.8781 .0291 1.0420 12 -7.4057 \*DRESID 7.0104 .2594 4.0901 12 \*SDRESID -2.47782.3496 1.2152 .0287 12 \*MAHAL .7004 5.8543 2.7500 1.5070 12 \*COOK D .0000 .4543 .1364 .1713 12 \*LEVER .0637 .5322 .1370 12 .2500 Total Cases = 12 1 new variables have been created. From Equation 1: Name Contents MAHAL Mahalanobis' Distance -> sort cases by mahal(a) . -> execute . -> list variables=x1 to x3 mahal/cases=9999/format=numbered . X1 X2 MAHAL Х3 3.2 2.7 1 4.0 .70038 2.9 3.2 2 2.4 1.65042 3 5.2 4.1 6.4 1.98854 4 3.9 4.7 4.7 2.17303 5 2.7 2.6 4.1 2.19634 6 4.5 4.9 5.7 2.22174 7 5.3 3.3 6.1 2.37118 8 3.5 1.8 3.9 2.53196 9 2.4 2.1 2.4 2.59346 10 5.7 5.5 6.2 3.12622 11 4.0 3.6 2.9 5.59246 12 6.7 5.9 5.85428 3.6 Number of cases read: 12 Number of cases listed: 12 -> COMMENT In the next TWO lines, for a given data set put the actual -> COMMENT in place of the number '12' used for the example data set. -> loop #i=1 to 12 . -> COMMENT In the next line, change '3' to whatever is the number -> COMMENT of variables. -> COMMENT The p critical value of chi square for a given case is set as [the case number (after sorting) - .5] / the -> COMMENT -> COMMENT sample size].  $\rightarrow$  compute p=(\$casenum - .5) / 12. . -> compute chisq=idf.chisq(p,3) . -> end loop . -> print formats p chisq (F8.5) .



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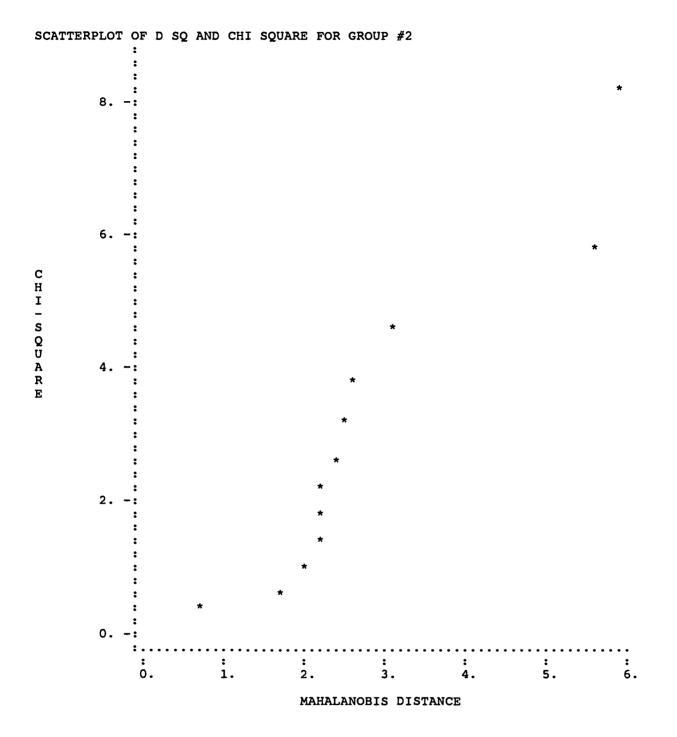
->	list	variab	oles=v p	mahal chiso	[/cases=9999/format=	numbered .
		Y	P	MAHAL		
	1	6	.04167	.70038	.30897	
	2	11	.12500	1.65042	.69236	
	3	5	.20833	1.98854	1.03962	
	4	8	.29167	2.17303	1.38807	
	5	12	.37500	2.19634	1.75398	
	6	7	.45833	2.22174	2.15099	
	7	4	.54167	2.37118	2.59519	
	8	2	.62500	2.53196	3.10983	
	9	1	.70833	2.59346	3.73392	
	10	10	.79167	3.12622	4.54475	
	11	9	.87500	5.59246	5.73941	
	12	3	.95833	5.85428	8.22056	
Nun	nber o	of case	es read:	12 Numb	er of cases listed:	12
->	nlot					

- -> plot -> vertical='chi square'/ -> horizontal='Mahalabis distance'/ -> plot=chisq with mahal .

Hi-Res Chart # 6:Plot of chisq with mahal



### Introductory Primer on SEM -45-Appendix A



<u>Note</u>. For data sets involving <u>at least 25-30</u> data points, the graph will define a straight line for multivariate normal data.



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Page 1

Appendix B

Maximum-Likelihood Analysis for the Figure 1 Model (Performance Predicts Job Satisfaction; Reliability of Verbal Intelligence (X<sub>5</sub>) Scores Fixed as <u>.85</u>)

lisr152a.lst 7/9/98

08-Jul-98 SPSS RELEASE 4.1 FOR IBM OS/MVS 15:44:29 TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY: CIS IBM 3090-400J MVS/ESA/JES3 TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY: CIS For MVS/ESA/JES3 License Number 1267 This software is functional through August 31, 1998. 1 0 title 'LISR152a.SPS Bagozzi (1980) / J&S, 1989, pp. 151-156' 2 0 data list file=abc records=3 table/1 id 1-4 30 /2 /3 This command will read 3 records from 'E100BT.ARTHUR.DAT' Variable Rec Start End Format ID 1 1 4 F4.0 4 0 lisrel 5 0 /"Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\*" 6 /DA NI=8 NO=122 MA=CM 0 7 0 /LA 8 0 /'PERFORMM' 'JBSATIS1' 'JBSATIS2' 'ACHIMOT1' /'ACHIMOT2' 'TASKSEL1' 'TASKSEL2' 'VERBALIQ' 9 0 10 0 /KM SY 11 0 /(8F8.3) 12 0 4.368 1 13 0 2.997 11.765 1 14 7.896 0 1 2.314 6.043 15 0 1 0.526 1.351 1.458 3.802 0 0.814 1.204 16 2.007 1.466 4.244 1 17 0 1.967 0.847 2.456 2.082 0.716 1 4.666 18 0 1 2.183 1.590 1.818 0.691 0.738 2.429 4.244 -2.723 -1.953 -0.390 -1.416 -2.083 -2.318 -1.308 13.323 19 0 1 20 0 /MO NY=3 NX=5 NE=2 NK=3 BE=FU, FI PS=DI, FR 21 0 /LE 22 /'PERFORMN' 'JOBSATIS' 0 23 0 /LK 24 /'AMOTIVAT' 'TASKSELF' 'VERBINTL' Ω /FR LY(3,2) LX(2,1) LX(4,2) BE(2,1) /FI GA(1,1) GA(2,2) GA(1,3) TE(1,1) TD(5,5) 25 0 26 0 27 0 /VA 1 LY(1,1) LY(2,2) LX(1,1) LX(3,2) LX(5,3) 28 0 /VA 1.998 TD(5,5) 29 0 /OU SE SS SC TV MI ND=3 There are 3,033,288 bytes of memory available. The largest contiguous area has 3,026,960 bytes.

> LISREL 7: ESTIMATION OF LINEAR STRUCTURAL EQUATION SYSTEMS PROGRAM VERSION 7.16 DISTRIBUTED BY

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Appendix B PROGRAM COPYRIGHT 1977-89 BY SCIENTIFIC SOFTWARE, INC., (A MICHIGAN CORPORATION). DISTRIBUTION OR USE UNAUTHORIZED BY SCIENTIFIC SOFTWARE, INC. IS PROHIBITED. MVS - LISREL 7.16 ΒY KARL G JORESKOG AND DAG SORBOM THE FOLLOWING LISREL CONTROL LINES HAVE BEEN READ : Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* DA NI=8 NO=122 MA=CM LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ KM SY (8F8.3) MO NY=3 NX=5 NE=2 NK=3 BE=FU, FI PS=DI, FR LE PERFORMN JOBSATIS LK AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL FR LY(3,2) LX(2,1) LX(4,2) BE(2,1) FI GA(1,1) GA(2,2) GA(1,3) TE(1,1) TD(5,5) VA 1 LY(1,1) LY(2,2) LX(1,1) LX(3,2) LX(5,3) VA 1.998 TD(5,5) OU SE SS SC TV MI ND=3 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* NUMBER OF INPUT VARIABLES 8 NUMBER OF Y - VARIABLES NUMBER OF X - VARIABLES 3 5 NUMBER OF ETA - VARIABLES 2 NUMBER OF KSI - VARIABLES 3 NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS 122 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* COVARIANCE MATRIX TO BE ANALYZED PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSAT IS2 ACH IMOT 1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ PERFORMM 4.368 JBSATIS1 2.997 11.765 JBSATIS2 2.314 6.043 7.896 ACHIMOT1 0.526 1.351 1.458 3.802 1.466 4.244 ACHIMOT2 0.814 2.007 1.204 TASKSEL1 2.456 2.082 1.967 0.847 0.716 4.666 1.590 1.818 0.691 0.738 2.429 4.244 TASKSEL2 2.183 -1.953 -0.390 -1.416 -2.083 -2.318 -1.308 13.323 VERBALIQ -2.723 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* PARAMETER SPECIFICATIONS LAMBDA Y PERFORMN JOBSATIS 0 0 PERFORMM JBSATIS1 0 ٥ JBSATIS2 0 1 LAMBDA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOT1 0 0 0 ACHIMOT2 0 0 2 TASKSEL1 0 0 0 0 TASKSEL2 0 3 VERBALIQ 0 ٥ 0 BETA PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMN 0 Ω JOBSATIS 4 0 GAMMA

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.

	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN JOBSATIS	0 6	5 0	0 7		
PH	I AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
AMOTIVAT	8				
TASKSELF	9	10			
VERBINTL	11	12	13		
PS	I Performn	JOBSATIS			
TU	14 TA EPS	15			
1 11	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSAT I S2		
	0	16	17		
IH	ETA OELTA ACHIMOT1	ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL 1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ
	18	19			
Joneskog/Sr		55-156 Mode	20	21	0
INITIAL EST			(		
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMM	1.000	0.000			
JBSATIS1	0.000	1.000			
JBSAT I S2	0.000	0.797			
LAN	BOA X				
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
ACHIMOT1	1.000	0.000	0.000		
ACHIMOT2	0.877	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL1	0.000	1.000	0.000		
TASKSEL2	0.000	0.939	0.000		
VERBALIQ	0.000	0.000	1.000		
BEI	A				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMN	0.000	0.000			
JOBSATIS	0.707	0.000			
GAM		0.000			
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN	0.000	0.926	0.000		
JOBSATIS	0.989	0.000	0.208		
COV	ARIANCE MA	TRIX OF ETA			
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
PERFORMN	4.368			<u> </u>	
JOBSATIS	3.478	8.316			
AMOTIVAT	0.759	1.810	1.671		
TASKSELF	2.395	2.114	0.820	2.587	
VERBINTL	-1.744	-0.692	-1.833	-1.885	11.325
PSI	PERFORMN	IODCATIC			
		JOBSATIS			
	2.151	4.209			
THE	TA EPS				
	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSATIS2		
	0.000	4.181	3.081		
THE	TA OELTA				
	ACHIMOT1	ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1		VERBALIQ
	2.131	2.958	2.079	1.963	1.998
SQU	AREO MULTI PERFORMM	PLE CORRELA JBSATIS1			S
	FERFURMM	UDJAI131	JBSATIS2		



1.000 0.665 0.632 SQUARED MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS FOR X - VARIABLES ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 0.303 0.440 0.554 0.537 0.850 TOTAL COEFFICIENT OF DETERMINATION FOR X - VARIABLES IS 0.976 SQUARED MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS FOR STRUCTURAL EQUATIONS PERFORMN JOBSATIS 0.507 0.494 TOTAL COEFFICIENT OF DETERMINATION FOR STRUCTURAL EQUATIONS IS 0.626 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* LISREL ESTIMATES (MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD) LAMBOA Y PERFORMN JOBSATIS 1.000 PERFORMM 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 1.000 JBSATIS2 0.000 0.831 LAMBOA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOT1 1.000 0.000 0.000 ACHIMOT2 1.168 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL1 0.000 1.000 0.000 TASKSEL2 0.000 0.862 0.000 VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 1.000 BETA PERFORMN JOBSATIS 0.000 PERFORMN 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.594 0.000 GAMMA AMOT I VAT TASKSELF VERBINTL 0.000 PERFORMN 0.923 0.000 0.213 JOBSATIS 1.228 0.000 COVARIANCE MATRIX OF ETA ANO KSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 4.368 JOBSATIS 2.995 7.401 AMOTIVAT 0.694 1.577 1.231 TASKSELF 2.524 1.932 0.751 2.735 VERBINTL -2.125 -0.845 -1.627 -2.303 11.327 PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS 2.038 3.865 THETA EPS PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 0.000 4.492 2.875 THETA OELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 1.931 2.571 2.566 1.998 2.213 SQUAREO MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS FOR Y - VARIABLES PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSAT1S2 1.000 0.622 0.640 SQUARED MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS FOR X - VARIABLES ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 0.324 0.395 0.586 0.479 0.850

TOTAL COEFFICIENT OF OETERMINATION FOR X - VARIABLES IS 0.974 SQUARED MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS FOR STRUCTURAL EQUATIONS PERFORMN JOBSATIS



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```
0.533
                          0.478
        TOTAL COEFFICIENT OF DETERMINATION FOR STRUCTURAL EQUATIONS IS 0.663
W_A_R_N_I_N_G : THETA EPS is not positive definite
         CHI-SQUARE WITH 15 DEGREES OF FREEDOM =
                                                       14.19 (P = .511)
                       GOODNESS OF FIT INDEX =0.969
             ADJUSTED GOODNESS OF FIT INDEX =0.926
                  ROOT MEAN SQUARE RESIDUAL =
                                                   0.285
Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model ****
SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR FITTED RESIDUALS
SMALLEST FITTED RESIDUAL =
                             -1.108
  MEDIAN FITTED RESIDUAL =
                               0.000
 LARGEST FITTED RESIDUAL =
                               0.676
STEMLEAF PLOT
-1011
- 8
- 60
- 4
- 2 33
- 0 8776319772200000000
  0 13470557
  2 116
4 3
  6 8
SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR STANDARDIZED RESIDUALS
SMALLEST STANDARDIZED RESIDUAL = -2.053
  MEDIAN STANDARDIZED RESIDUAL =
                                     0.000
 LARGEST STANDARDIZED RESIDUAL =
                                     1.825
STEMLEAF PLOT
- 211
- 118
- 1 3322
- 0 87777
- 0 222110000000
  01234
  0 55778
  1 012
  118
Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model ****
STANDARD ERRORS
        LAMBDA Y
           PERFORMN
                       JOBSATIS
PERFORMM
              0.000
                         0.000
JBSATIS1
              0.000
                         0.000
JBSATIS2
              0.000
                         0.134
        LAMBDA X
           AMOTIVAT
                      TASKSELF
                                  VERBINTL
ACHIMOT1
              0.000
                         0.000
                                     0.000
ACHIMOT2
              0.336
                         0.000
                                     0.000
TASKSEL1
              0.000
                         0.000
                                     0.000
TASKSEL2
              0.000
                         0.138
                                     0.000
VERBALIQ
              0.000
                                     0.000
                         0.000
        BETA
           PERFORMN
                       JOBSATIS
              0.000
PERFORMN
                         0.000
JOBSATIS
              0.140
                         0.000
        GAMMA
           AMOTIVAT
                       TASKSELF
                                  VERBINTL
PERFORMN
              0.000
                          0.144
                                     0.000
JOBSAT IS
              0.477
                         0.000
                                     0.107
        PHI
           AMOTIVAT
                      TASKSELF
                                  VERBINTL
```



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AMOTIVAT	0.500				
TASKSELF	0.298				
VERBINTL	0.592		1.713		
PS					
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	0.396	1,222			
TH	ETA EPS				
	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSAT I S2		
	0.000	1.177	0.799		
TH	ETA DELTA				
	ACHIMOT1	ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ
	0.479	0.574	0.425	0.388	0.000
Joreskog/S	orbom pp.	155-156 Mode	el ****		
T-VALUES					
ĻAI	MBDA Y PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	PERFORMA	JUBSATIS			
PERFORMM	0.000	0.000			
JBSATIS1	0.000	0.000			
JBSAT I S2	0.000	6.195			
LAI	BDA X				
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
ACHIMOT1	0.000	0.000	0.000		
ACHIMOT2	3.474	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL1	0.000	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL2	0.000	6.254	0.000		
VERBALIQ	0.000	0.000	0.000		
BE	ΓΑ				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMN	0.000	0.000			
JOBSATIS	4.239	0.000			
GAI	AMA				
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN	0.000	6.395	0.000		
JOBSATIS	2.572	0.000	2.000		
PH			21000		
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
AMOTIVAT	2.464				
TASKSELF	2.520	4.236			
VERBINTL	-2.749	-3.373	6.612		
PSI	[				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	5.145	3.163			
THE	ETA EPS				
	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSATIS2		
	0.000		3.599		
THE	ACHIMOT1	ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBAL IQ
Inne-1	5.371		4.549	5.702	0.000
Joreskog/So	proom pp.	155-156 Mode			
STANDARDIZE		N.			
	IBDA Y	214			
FUL		JOBSATIS			

 PERFORMN
 JOBSATIS

 PERFORMM
 2.090
 0.000

 JBSATIS1
 0.000
 2.720

 JBSATIS2
 0.000
 2.260



LA	MBDA X				
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
ACHIMOT1	1.109	0.000	0.000		
ACH IMOT2	1.296	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2	0.000	1.654 1.425	0.000		
VERBALIQ	0.000	0.000	0.000 3.366		
	TA	0.000	5.500		
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMN	0.000	0.000			
JOBSATIS	0.457	0.000			
GA	MMA AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN	0.000	0.730	0.000		
JOBSATIS	0.501	0.000	0.264		
CO		MATRIX OF ET			
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
PERFORMN	1.000				
JOBSATIS	0.527	1.000			
AMOTIVAT	0.299	0.522	1.000		
TASKSELF	0.730	0.429	0.410	1.000	
VERBINTL	-0.302	-0.092	-0.436	-0.414	1.000
42	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	0.467	0.522			
RE	GRESSION M AMOTIVAT	IATRIX ETA ON TASKSELF	I KSI (STANI VERBINTL	OARD I ZED )	
PERFORMN	0.000	0.730	0.000		
JOBSATIS	0.501	0 777			
		0.333	0.264		
		155-156 Mode			
Joreskog/S	orbom pp.	155-156 Mode	2( ****		
Joreskog/S	orbom pp.		2( ****		
Joreskog/S	orbom pp. STANDARDI	155-156 Mode	2( ****		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA	orbom pp. STANDARDI MBDA Y PERFORMN	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS	2( ****		
Joreskog/S	orbom pp. STANDARDI MBDA Y	155-156 Mode	2( ****		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM	orbom pp. STANDARDI MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS	2( ****		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2	STANDARDI MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800	) 		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2	orbom pp. STANDARDI MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789	2( ****		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2	STANDARDI MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800	) 		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA	STANDARDI MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000	VERBINTL		
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Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2	Orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.569 0.629 0.000 0.000	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.766 0.692	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ	Orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.569 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.766	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ	Orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.569 0.629 0.000 0.000	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.766 0.692	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ	orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.569 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.766 0.692 0.000	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS	Orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.569 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.457	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.766 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS	Orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.569 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.457 MMA	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.766 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.000 0.000	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS	Orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.569 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.457	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.766 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.000	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS	Orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.569 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.457 MMA	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.766 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.000 0.000	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GA	Orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOT IVAT 0.569 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.457 MMA AMOT IVAT	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.766 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.000 0.000 TASKSELF	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GA PERFORMN JOBSATIS	Orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.569 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.457 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.457 RMA	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.766 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.000 TASKSELF 0.730 0.730 0.000 MATRIX OF ET	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.264 A AND KSI		
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GA PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO	Orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.569 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.457 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.501 RRELATION PERFORMN	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.766 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.000 TASKSELF 0.730 0.000	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.264	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GA PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO	Orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.569 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0557 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.501 RRELATION PERFORMN PERFORMN PERFORMN PERFORMN PERFORMN PERFORMN 0.000 0.501 RRELATION 1.000	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.766 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.000 TASKSELF 0.730 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.264 A AND KSI	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO PERFORMN JOBSATIS	Orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.569 0.629 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.057 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.501 RRELATION PERFORMN 1.000 0.527	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.766 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.000 TASKSELF 0.730 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS 1.000	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.264 VERBINTL 0.000 0.264 VERBINTL	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GA PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT	Orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOT IVAT 0.569 0.629 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.057 MMA AMOT IVAT 0.000 0.507 MMA AMOT IVAT 1.000 0.527 0.299	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.766 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.000 TASKSELF 0.730 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS 1.000 0.522	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.264 A AND KSI AMOT IVAT 1.000		VERBINTL
Joreskog/S COMPLETELY LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO PERFORMN JOBSATIS	Orbom pp. STANDARD I MBDA Y PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.569 0.629 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.057 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.501 RRELATION PERFORMN 1.000 0.527	155-156 Mode ZED SOLUTION JOBSATIS 0.000 0.789 0.800 TASKSELF 0.000 0.766 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.000 TASKSELF 0.730 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS 1.000	VERBINTL 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.264 VERBINTL 0.000 0.264 VERBINTL	TASKSELF 1.000 -0.414	<u>VERBINTL</u> 1.000



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PSI				
PERFORM	JOBSATIS			
0.467	0.522			
THETA EPS	0.722			
PERFORM	JBSATIS1	JBSATIS2		
0.000	0.378	0.360		
THETA DELTA	_			
ACHIMOT1	ACHIMOT2	TASKSELT	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ
0.676		0.414	0.521	0.150
	MATRIX ETA ON	-	DARD I ZED )	
AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN 0.000	0.730	0.000		
JOBSATIS 0.501		0.264		
Joreskog/Sorbom pp.	155-156 Mode	****		
MODIFICATION INDICE	S AND ESTIMAT	ED CHANGE		
	N INDICES FOR			
PERFORM	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMM 0.000	1.647			
JBSATIS1 0.570	-			
JBSATIS2 0.570				
	HANGE FOR LAM	IBDA Y		
PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMM 0.000	-0.153			
JBSATIS1 0.192				
JBSATIS2 -0.160	0.000			
	N INDICES FOR			
AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
ACHIMOT1 0.000	0.009	0.480		
ACHIMOT2 0.000		0.480		
TASKSEL1 0.044		0.000		
TASKSEL2 0.030 VERBALIQ 0.000		3.328 0.000		
	HANGE FOR LAM			
AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
ACHIMOT1 0.000	-0.016	0.059		
ACHIMOT2 0.000		-0.068		
TASKSEL1 0.049		0.001		
TASKSEL2 -0.038		0.109		
VERBALIQ 0.000		0.000		
	N INDICES FOR JOBSATIS	BETA		
- ERI ORIM				
PERFORMN 0.000				
JOBSATIS 0.000				
ESTIMATED C PERFORMN	HANGE FOR BET JOBSATIS	A		
PERFORMA	JUDSATIS			
PERFORMN 0.000				
JOBSATIS 0.000				
MODIFICATIO AMOTIVAT	N INDICES FOR TASKSELF	GAMMA VERBINTL		
AUOTIANI	INDROELF	AFVDINIF		
PERFORMN 0.003		3.068		
JOBSATIS 0.000		0.000		
ESTIMATED C AMOTIVAT	HANGE FOR GAM TASKSELF			
AMOTIVAT	INSKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN -0.012 JOBSATIS 0.000	0.000	-0.107		
		0.000		
NO NON-ZERO MODIFIC				
NO NON-ZERO MODIFIC	ATION INDICES	FUR PSI		



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MODIFICATION INDICES FOR THETA EPS PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 0.704 0.000 0.000 ESTIMATED CHANGE FOR THETA EPS JBSATIS1 PERFORMM JBSATIS2 1.054 0.000 0.000 MODIFICATION INDICES FOR THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.704 ESTIMATED CHANGE FOR THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ \_\_\_\_\_ 0.000 0.000 0.000 -19.467 0.000 MAXIMUM MODIFICATION INDEX IS 3.33 FOR ELEMENT ( 4, 3) OF LAMBDA X THE PROBLEM USED 8736 BYTES (= 0.3% OF AVAILABLE WORKSPACE) 0.00 SECONDS TIME USED : 08-Jul-98 LISR152a.SPS Bagozzi (1980) / J&S, 1989, pp. 151-156 15:44:41 TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY: CIS IBM 3090-400J MVS/ESA/JES3

Preceding task required .40 seconds CPU time; 7.99 seconds elapsed.

Page 2

30 0

- 29 command lines read.
- 0 errors detected.
- 0 warnings issued.
- 1 seconds CPU time.
- 13 seconds elapsed time. End of job.



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Page 1

### Appendix C Maximum-Likelihood Analysis for the Model that Performance Predicts Job Satisfaction (Reliability of Verbal Intelligence (X<sub>5</sub>) Scores Fixed as <u>1.0</u>)

lisr152b.lst 7/9/98

89-Jul -98 SPSS RELEASE 4.1 FOR IBM OS/MVS 15:45:47 IBM 3090-400J TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY: CIS MVS/ESA/JES3 For MVS/ESA/JES3 TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY: CIS License Number 1267 This software is functional through August 31, 1998. 1 0 title 'LISR152b.SPS Bagozzi (1980) / J&S, 1989, pp. 151-156' 2 0 data list file=abc records=3 table/1 id 1-4 3 0 /2 /3 This command will read 3 records from 'E100BT.ARTHUR.OAT' Variable Rec Start End Format 10 1 1 4 F4.0 4 0 lisrel 5 0 /"Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\*" 6 0 /0A NI=8 NO=122 MA=CM 7 Ω /LA 8 /'PERFORMM' 'JBSATIS1' 'JBSATIS2' 'ACHIMOT1' 0 9 Ω /'ACHIMOT2' 'TASKSEL1' 'TASKSEL2' 'VERBALIQ' 10 0 /KM SY 11 0 /(8F8.3) 12 0 4.368 1 13 0 2.997 11.765 1 14 0 2.314 6.043 7.896 1 3.802 15 0 0.526 1.351 1.458 1 0 16 1 0.814 2.007 1.204 1.466 4.244 17 0 2.456 2.082 1,967 0.847 0.716 1 4.666 18 0 2.183 1.590 0.738 1 1.818 0.691 2.429 4.244 19 0 / -2.723 -1.953 -0.390 -1.416 -2.083 -2.318 -1.308 13.323 20 0 /MO NY=3 NX=5 NE=2 NK=3 BE=FU, FI PS=01, FR 21 0 /LE 22 0 /'PERFORMN' 'JOBSATIS' 23 ٥ /LK 24 0 /'AMOTIVAT' 'TASKSELF' 'VERBINTL' 25 0 /FR LY(3,2) LX(2,1) LX(4,2) BE(2,1) 26 0 /FI GA(1,1) GA(2,2) GA(1,3) TE(1,1) TO(5,5) 27 0 /VA 1 LY(1,1) LY(2,2) LX(1,1) LX(3,2) LX(5,3) 28 0 /OU SE SS SC TV MI NO=3 There are 3,033,680 bytes of memory available. The largest contiguous area has 3,027,384 bytes.

> LISREL 7: ESTIMATION OF LINEAR STRUCTURAL EQUATION SYSTEMS PROGRAM VERSION 7.16 0ISTRIBUTED BY

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PERFORMN JOBSATIS	0 6	5 0	0 7		
PH	I AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
AMOTIVAT	8				
TASKSELF	9	10			
VERBINTL	11	12	13		
PS			10		
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
тн	TA EPS	15			
	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSATI S2		
	0	16	17		
TH	ETA DELTA ACHIMOT1	ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ
		19	20	21	0
Joneskog/S		55-156 Mode			Ũ
	TIMATES (TS				
	MBDA Y	,,			
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMM	1.000	0.000			
JBSAT IS1	0.000	1.000			
JBSATIS2	0.000	0.797			
	MBDA X	••••			
LA	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
ACH IMOT 1	1.000	0.000	0.000		
ACHIMOT2	0.877	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL1	0.000	1.000	0.000		
TASKSEL2	0.000	0.939	0.000		
VERBALIQ	0.000	0.000	1.000		
BE		0.000	1.000		
DE		IODCATIC			
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMN	0.000	0.000			
JOBSATIS	0.688	0.000			
	MMA AMM	0.000			
GAI		TACKOLLE			
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN	0,000	0.926	0.000		
JOBSATIS	0.954	0.000	0.168		
		TRIX OF ETA			
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
PERFORMN	4.368				
JOBSATIS	3.437	8.239			
AMOTIVAT	0.759	1.808	1.671		
TASKSELF	2.395	2.114	0.820	2.587	
VERBINTL	-1.744	-0.711	-1.833	-1.885	13.323
PS		-0.711	-1.033	-1.005	13.323
F J	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	2.151	4.269			
THE	ETA EPS				
	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSATIS2		
	0.000	4,181	3.081		
TU	ETA DELTA	4.101	3.001		
Th:		ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ
	3 474				
	2.131	2.958		1.963	
SQL				Y - VARIABLE	S
	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSATIS2		
	1.000	0.663	0.629		



#### SQUARED MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS FOR X - VARIABLES ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 0.440 0.303 0.554 0.537 1.000 SQUARED MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS FOR STRUCTURAL EQUATIONS PERFORMN JOBSATIS 0.507 0.482 TOTAL COEFFICIENT OF DETERMINATION FOR STRUCTURAL EQUATIONS IS 0.620 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* LISREL ESTIMATES (MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD) LAMBDA Y PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMM 1.000 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 1.000 JBSATIS2 0.000 0.834 LAMBDA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOT1 1.000 0.000 0.000 ACHIMOT2 1.169 0.000 0.000 1.000 TASKSEL1 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL2 0.000 0.861 0.000 VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 1.000 BETA PERFORMN JOBSATIS 0.000 PERFORMN 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.583 0.000 GAMMA AMOT I VAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 0.000 0.923 0.000 JOBSATIS 1.179 0.000 0.175 COVARIANCE MATRIX OF ETA AND KSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 4.368 JOBSATIS 2.987 7.371 AMOTIVAT 0.689 1.569 1.231 TASKSELF 2.525 1.948 2.736 0.747 VERBINTL -2.136 -0.833 -1.628 -2.316 13.323 PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS 2.038 3.925 THETA EPS PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 0.000 4.517 2.858 THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 **VERBALIQ** 2.562 2.571 2.215 1.930 0.000 SQUARED MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS FOR Y - VARIABLES PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 1.000 0.620 0.642 SQUARED MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS FOR X - VARIABLES ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 0.324 0.396 0.586 0.478 1.000 SQUARED MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS FOR STRUCTURAL EQUATIONS PERFORMN JOBSATIS 0.533 0.468

TOTAL COEFFICIENT OF DETERMINATION FOR STRUCTURAL EQUATIONS IS 0.656  $W_A_R_1_S$  : THETA EPS is not positive definite



### Introductory Primer on SEM -58-Appendix C

Introductory Primer on SEM -59-Appendix C

CHI-SQUARE WITH 15 DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 14.08 (P = .519)GOODNESS OF FIT INDEX =0.970 ADJUSTED GOODNESS OF FIT INDEX =0.927 ROOT MEAN SQUARE RESIDUAL = 0.284 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR FITTED RESIDUALS SMALLEST FITTED RESIDUAL = -1.120 MEDIAN FITTED RESIDUAL = 0.000 LARGEST FITTED RESIDUAL = 0.686 STEMLEAF PLOT -10/2 - 8 - 6 - 49 - 2/22 - 0 88662099710000000 0 1113570357 2 104 4 2 6 9 SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR STANDARDIZED RESIDUALS SMALLEST STANDARDIZED RESIDUAL = -2.302 MEDIAN STANDARDIZED RESIDUAL = 0.000 LARGEST STANDARDIZED RESIDUAL = 1.854 STEMLEAF PLOT - 2¦31 - 1/8 - 1 3322 - 0 7766 - 0|2210000000 0|11234 0 557789 1 12 19 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* STANDARD ERRORS LAMBDA Y PERFORMN JOBSATIS PER FORMM 0.000 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 0.000 JBSATIS2 0.000 0.135 LAMBDA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOT1 0.000 0.000 0.000 ACHIMOT2 0.337 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL1 0.000 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL2 0.000 0.138 0.000 VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 0.000 BETA PERFORMN JOBSATIS 0.000 PERFORMN 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.139 0.000 GAMMA AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL 0.000 **PERFORMN** 0.144 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.454 0.000 0.085 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT 0.500 0.298 TASKSELF 0.646 VERBINTL 0.592 0.683 1.713

W\_A\_R\_N\_I\_N\_G : THETA DELTA is not positive definite



Introductory Primer on SEM -60-Appendix C

PSI PERFORMM JOBATIS 0.396 1.204 THETA EPS PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 0.000 1.175 0.799 THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 0.479 0.575 0.424 0.388 0.000 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model **** T-VALUES LAMBDA Y PERFORMM JOBSATIS PERFORMM JOBSATIS PERFORMM 0.000 0.000 JBSATIS2 0.000 6.196 LAMBDA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOT1 0.000 0.000 JBSATIS2 0.000 6.256 0.000 TASKSEL2 0.000 6.256 0.000 VERBALIO 0.000 0.000 JBSATIS 0.000 0.000 JBSATIS 0.000 0.000 BETA PERFORMM JOBSATIS PERFORMM JOBSATIS SAMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMM JOBSATIS PERFORMM JOBSATIS STANDARD IZED SOLUTION LAMBDA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMM JOBSATIS PERFORMM JOBSATIS PERFORMA JOBSATIS PERFORMA JOBDA Y AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOTI ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ S.366 4.454 4.547 5.708 0.000	F31	
THETA EPS PERFORMM         JBSATIS1         JBSATIS2           0.000         1.175         0.799           THETA DELTA ACHIMOTI         ACHIMOT2         TASKSEL1         TASKSEL2         VERBALIQ           0.479         0.575         0.424         0.388         0.000           Joreskog/Sorbom pp.         155-156 Model         ****         0.388         0.000           Joreskog/Sorbom pp.         155-156 Model         ****         0.388         0.000           JBSATIS         0.000         0.000         0.000         JBSATIS           PERFORM         0.000         0.000         0.000         JBSATIS           PERFORM         0.000         0.000         0.000         ACHIMOT2         3.469         0.000         0.000           JBSATIS1         0.000         0.000         0.000         1000         TASKSEL2         0.000         0.000           TASKSEL2         0.000         0.000         0.000         JOBSATIS         PERFORM         JOBSATIS           PERFORM         JOBSATIS         4.205         0.000         2.056         PHI           AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL         ACHIMOTI ACHIASKSELF         VERBINTL           AMOTIVAT	PERFORMN JOBSATIS	
PERFORMM         JBSATIS1         JBSATIS2           0.000         1.175         0.799           THETA DELTA ACHIMOTI         ACHIMOTI         ACHIMOTI           0.797         0.575         0.424         0.388           Joreskog/Sorbom pp.         155-156         Model         ****           T-VALUES         LAMBDA Y         PERFORMN         JOBSATIS           PERFORM         0.000         0.000         JBSATIS1         0.000           JBSATIS1         0.000         0.000         JBSATIS1         0.000           JBSATIS1         0.000         0.000         0.000         JBSATIS1           PERFORMM         0.000         0.000         0.000         AMOTIVAT           AKSEL1         0.000         0.000         0.000         JBSATIS1           PERFORM         0.000         0.000         0.000         JBSATIS1           PERFORM         0.000         0.000         0.000         JBSATIS1           PERFORM         0.000         0.000         JBSATIS1           PERFORM         0.000         0.000         2.056           PHI         0.000         5.369         0.000           JBSATIS         2.598         0.000 <th>0.396 1.204</th> <th></th>	0.396 1.204	
THETA DELTA ACHIMOTI         ACHIMOTZ         TASKSEL1         TASKSEL2         VERBALIQ           JORESKOJ/SORDOM DP.         155-156         Model         ****         0.388         0.000           JORESKOJ/SORDOM DP.         155-156         Model         ****         0.388         0.000           T-VALUES         LAMBDA Y         PERFORM         JOBSATIS         0.000         0.000           JBSATIS1         0.000         0.000         0.000         JBSATIS2         0.000         6.196           LAMBDA X         AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL         ACHIMOT2         3.469         0.000         0.000           ACHIMOT2         3.469         0.000         0.000         0.000         TASKSEL2         0.000         0.000           TASKSEL2         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         TASKSEL2         0.000         0.000           JOBSATIS         4.205         0.000         2.056         0.000         JOBSATIS         PERFORM         JOBSATIS         PERFORM         JOBSATIS         TASKSELF         VERBINTL           PERFORM         0.000         6.399         0.000         2.056         PHI         AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL <th></th> <th></th>		
THETA DELTA ACHIMOTI         ACHIMOTZ         TASKSEL1         TASKSEL2         VERBALIQ           JORESKOJ/SORDOM DP.         155-156         Model         ****         0.388         0.000           JORESKOJ/SORDOM DP.         155-156         Model         ****         0.388         0.000           T-VALUES         LAMBDA Y         PERFORM         JOBSATIS         0.000         0.000           JBSATIS1         0.000         0.000         0.000         JBSATIS2         0.000         6.196           LAMBDA X         AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL         ACHIMOT2         3.469         0.000         0.000           ACHIMOT2         3.469         0.000         0.000         0.000         TASKSEL2         0.000         0.000           TASKSEL2         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         TASKSEL2         0.000         0.000           JOBSATIS         4.205         0.000         2.056         0.000         JOBSATIS         PERFORM         JOBSATIS         PERFORM         JOBSATIS         TASKSELF         VERBINTL           PERFORM         0.000         6.399         0.000         2.056         PHI         AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL <th>0.000 1.175 0.799</th> <th></th>	0.000 1.175 0.799	
O.479         O.575         O.424         O.388         O.000           Joreskog/Sorbom pp.         155-156 Model         ****         O.388         O.000           Image: Constraint of the state	THETA DELTA	
Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model **** T-VALUES LAMBDA Y PERFORMM 0.000 0.000 JBSATIS 0.000 6.196 LAMBDA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOT2 3.469 0.000 0.000 ACHIMOT2 3.469 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL2 0.000 6.256 0.000 VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 0.000 BETA PERFORMM JOBSATIS PERFORM 0.000 0.000 0.000 JOBSATIS 4.205 0.000 GAMMA AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORM 0.000 6.399 0.000 JOBSATIS 2.598 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT 2.463 4.205 VERBINTL 2.750 -3.388 7.778 PSI PERFORMM JOBSATIS PERFORM JOBSATIS PERFORM JOBSATIS PERFORM JOBSATIS STANDARDIZA 4.454 4.547 5.708 0.000 JORSATIS 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA Y		_
LAMBDA Y PERFORMN JOBSATIS JBSATIS1 0.000 0.000 JBSATIS2 0.000 6.196 LAMBDA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOT1 0.000 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL1 0.000 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL2 0.000 6.256 0.000 VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 0.000 BETA PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT Z.463 4.238 VERBINI 2.598 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT Z.463 4.238 VERBINI 2.506 4.238 VERBINI -2.750 -3.388 7.778 PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS DEFFORMN JOBSATIS 5.146 3.259 THETA EPS PERFORMN JOBSATIS S.146 3.259 THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 5.366 4.454 4.547 5.708 0.000 JOFSKOJSOrbom pp. 155-156 Model **** STANDARDIZED SOLUTION LAMBDA X		,
PERFORMN         JOBSATIS           PERFORMM         0.000         0.000           JBSATIS1         0.000         6.196           LAMBDA X         AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF           VERBINTL         0.000         0.000           ACHIMOT1         0.000         0.000           ACHIMOT2         3.469         0.000           ACHIMOT2         3.469         0.000           TASKSEL2         0.000         6.256           0.000         0.000         0.000           VERBALIG         0.000         0.000           JOBSATIS         4.205         0.000           JOBSATIS         4.205         0.000           JOBSATIS         2.598         0.000           JOBSATIS         -2.750         -3.388           PSI         PERFORMN         JOBSATIS           JOCOO         3.844         3.575           THETA DELTA         ACHIMOT1         ACHIMOT2           ACHIMOT1         ACH	T-VALUES	
PERFORM         0.000         0.000           JBSATIS2         0.000         6.196           LAMBDA X         AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL           ACHIMOTI         0.000         0.000         0.000           ACHIMOTI         0.000         0.000         0.000           ACHIMOTI         0.000         0.000         0.000           ACHIMOTI         0.000         0.000         0.000           TASKSEL         0.000         0.000         0.000           TASKSEL2         0.000         0.000         0.000           VERBALIQ         0.000         0.000         0.000           JOBSATIS         4.205         0.000         0.000           JOBSATIS         2.598         0.000         2.056           PHI         AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL           AMOTIVAT         ZASKSELF         VERBINTL           AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL           AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL           AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL           AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL           AMOTIVAT         ZASKSELF         VERBINTL		
JBSATIS1 0.000 0.000 JBSATIS2 0.000 6.196 LAMBDA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOT1 0.000 0.000 0.000 ACHIMOT2 3.469 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL1 0.000 6.256 0.000 VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 0.000 BETA PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT 2.463 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT 2.463 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT 2.463 7.778 PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS DEFFORMN JOBSATIS S.146 3.259 THETA DELTA ACHIMOTI ACHIMOT2 TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT 2.463 4.238 VERBINTL -2.750 -3.388 7.778 PSI PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 0.000 3.844 3.575 THETA DELTA ACHIMOTI ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 5.366 4.454 4.547 5.708 0.000 JOPESKOG/SORDOM PD. 155-156 Model **** STANDARDIZED SOLUTION LAMBDA Y PERFORMM JOBSATIS PERFORMM 2.090 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X	PERFORMN JOBSATIS	
JBSATIS2 0.000 6.196 LAMBDA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOT1 0.000 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL1 0.000 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL2 0.000 6.256 0.000 VERBALLD 0.000 0.000 0.000 BETA PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMN 0.000 6.399 0.000 JOBSATIS 4.205 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 0.000 6.399 0.000 JOBSATIS 2.598 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT 7.463	PERFORMM 0.000 0.000	
LAMBDA X ANOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOT1 0.000 0.000 0.000 ACHIMOT2 3.469 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL1 0.000 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL2 0.000 6.256 0.000 VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 0.000 BETA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 GAMMA AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 0.000 6.399 0.000 GAMMA AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 0.000 6.399 0.000 JOBSATIS 2.598 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT 2.463 TASKSELF 2.506 4.238 VERBINTL -2.750 -3.388 7.778 PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMN JOBSATIS MOTIVAT 2.463 TASKSELF 2.506 4.238 VERBINTL -2.750 -3.388 7.778 PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS DEFFORMN JOBSATIS THETA EPS PERFORMN JASATIS1 JBSATIS2 0.000 3.844 3.575 THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 5.366 4.454 4.547 5.708 0.000 JOFOSKOG/SORDON PP. 155-156 Model **** STANDARDIZED SOLUTION LAMBDA Y PERFORNM 2.090 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X		
AMOTIVAT       TASKSELF       VERBINTL         ACHIMOT1       0.000       0.000       0.000         ACHIMOT2       3.469       0.000       0.000         TASKSEL1       0.000       0.000       0.000         TASKSEL2       0.000       6.256       0.000         VERBALIQ       0.000       0.000       0.000         BETA       PERFORMN       JOBSATIS         PERFORMN       0.000       0.000         JOBSATIS       4.205       0.000         GAMMA       AMOTIVAT       TASKSELF         VERBINE       5.398       0.000         JOBSATIS       2.598       0.000         JOBSATIS       2.598       0.000         JOBSATIS       2.598       0.000         JOBSATIS       2.598       0.000         JOBSATIS       2.506       4.238         VERBINTL       -2.750       -3.388       7.778         PSI       PSI       JOBSATIS       5.146         G.000       3.844       3.575       0.000         IHETA DELTA       ACHIMOT1       ACHIMOT2       TASKSEL1       TASKSEL2       VERBALIQ         Joreskog/Sorbom pp.       155-156       Mod		
ACHIMOTI 0.000 0.000 0.000 ACHIMOT2 3.469 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL1 0.000 6.256 0.000 VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 0.000 BETA PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 JOBSATIS 4.205 0.000 GAMMA AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 0.000 6.399 0.000 JOBSATIS 2.598 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT 2.463 4.238 VERBINIL -2.750 -3.388 7.778 PSI PERFORMM JOBSATIS DEFFORMM JOBSATIS S.146 3.259 THETA EPS PERFORMM JOBSATIS DEFFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 0.000 3.844 3.575 THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 5.366 4.454 4.547 5.708 0.000 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model **** STANDARDIZED SOLUTION LAMBDA Y PERFORMM Z.090 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X		
ACHIMOT2 3.469 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL1 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL2 0.000 6.256 0.000 VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 0.000 BETA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 JOBSATIS 4.205 0.000 GAMMA AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 0.000 6.399 0.000 JOBSATIS 2.598 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT 2.463 TASKSELF 2.506 4.238 VERBINTL -2.750 -3.388 7.778 PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS DEFFORMN JOBSATIS 5.146 3.259 THETA EPS PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 0.000 3.844 3.575 THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 5.366 4.454 4.547 5.708 0.000 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model **** STANDARDIZED SOLUTION LAMBDA Y PERFORMM 2.090 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X	AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTE	
TASKSEL1 0.000 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL2 0.000 6.256 0.000 BETA PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 GAMMA AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 0.000 6.399 0.000 JOBSATIS 2.598 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT 2.463 TASKSELF 2.506 4.238 VERBINTL -2.750 -3.388 7.778 PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS 	ACHIMOT1 0.000 0.000 0.000	
TASKSEL2       0.000       6.256       0.000         VERBALIQ       0.000       0.000       0.000         BETA       PERFORMN       JOBSATIS         PERFORMN       0.000       0.000         JOBSATIS       4.205       0.000         GAMMA       AMOTIVAT       TASKSELF       VERBINTL         PERFORMN       0.000       6.399       0.000         JOBSATIS       2.598       0.000       2.056         PHI       AMOTIVAT       TASKSELF       VERBINTL         AMOTIVAT       2.463		
VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 0.000 BETA PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 GAMMA AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 0.000 6.399 0.000 JOBSATIS 2.598 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT 2.463 TASKSELF 2.506 4.238 VERBINTL -2.750 -3.388 7.778 PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS 5.146 3.259 THETA EPS PERFORMN JOBSATIS G.000 3.844 3.575 THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ G.366 4.454 4.547 5.708 0.000 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model **** STANDARDIZED SOLUTION LAMBDA Y PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMN JOBSATIS		
BETA PERFORMN         JOBSATIS           PERFORMN         0.000         0.000           JOBSATIS         4.205         0.000           GAMMA         AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL           PERFORMN         0.000         6.399         0.000           JOBSATIS         2.598         0.000         2.056           PHI         AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL           AMOTIVAT         2.463		
PERFORMN         JOBSATIS           PERFORMN         0.000         0.000           JOBSATIS         4.205         0.000           GAMMA         AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL           PERFORMN         0.000         6.399         0.000           JOBSATIS         2.598         0.000         2.056           PHI         AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL           AMOTIVAT         2.463		
JOBSATIS 4.205 0.000 GAMMA AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 0.000 6.399 0.000 JOBSATIS 2.598 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT 2.463 TASKSELF 2.506 4.238 VERBINTL -2.750 -3.388 7.778 PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS 5.146 3.259 THETA EPS PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 0.000 3.844 3.575 THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 5.366 4.454 4.547 5.708 0.000 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model **** STANDARD IZED SOLUTION LAMBDA Y PERFORMM JOBSATIS PERFORMM 2.090 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X		
GAMMA       AMOTIVAT       TASKSELF       VERBINTL         PERFORMN       0.000       6.399       0.000         JOBSATIS       2.598       0.000       2.056         PHI       AMOTIVAT       TASKSELF       VERBINTL         AMOTIVAT       2.463	PERFORMN 0.000 0.000	
AMOTIVAT       TASKSELF       VERBINTL         PERFORMN       0.000       6.399       0.000         JOBSATIS       2.598       0.000       2.056         PHI       AMOTIVAT       TASKSELF       VERBINTL         AMOTIVAT       2.463		
PERFORMN         0.000         6.399         0.000           JOBSATIS         2.598         0.000         2.056           PHI         AMOTIVAT         TASKSELF         VERBINTL           AMOTIVAT         2.463		
JOBSATIS 2.598 0.000 2.056 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT 2.463 TASKSELF 2.506 4.238 VERBINTL -2.750 -3.388 7.778 PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS 	AMUTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINIL	
PHI       AMOTIVAT       TASKSELF       VERBINTL         AMOTIVAT       2.463	PERFORMN 0.000 6.399 0.000	
AMOTIVAT       TASKSELF       VERBINTL         AMOTIVAT       2.463		
AMOTIVAT 2.463 TASKSELF 2.506 4.238 VERBINTL -2.750 -3.388 7.778 PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS 		
TASKSELF       2.506       4.238         VERBINTL       -2.750       -3.388       7.778         PSI       PERFORMN       JOBSATIS	AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL	
VERBINTL -2.750 -3.388 7.778 PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS 	AMOTIVAT 2.463	
PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS 		
PERFORMN JOBSATIS 		
THETA EPS PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 5.366 4.454 4.547 5.708 0.000 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model **** STANDARDIZED SOLUTION LAMBDA Y PERFORMM 2.090 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X	PERFORMA JOBSAIIS	
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 5.366 4.454 4.547 5.708 0.000 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model **** STANDARDIZED SOLUTION LAMBDA Y PERFORMM 2.090 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X		
THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 5.366 4.454 4.547 5.708 0.000 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model **** STANDARDIZED SOLUTION LAMBDA Y PERFORMM 2.090 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X		
ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 5.366 4.454 4.547 5.708 0.000 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model **** STANDARDIZED SOLUTION LAMBDA Y PERFORMM 2.090 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X		
Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model **** STANDARDIZED SOLUTION LAMBDA Y PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMM 2.090 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X		ł
Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model **** STANDARDIZED SOLUTION LAMBDA Y PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMM 2.090 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X	5.366 4.454 4.547 5.708 0.000	ī
LAMBDA Y PERFORMM JOBSATIS PERFORMM 2.090 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X		
LAMBDA Y PERFORMM JOBSATIS PERFORMM 2.090 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X		
PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMM 2.090 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X		
JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X		
JBSATIS1 0.000 2.715 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.264 LAMBDA X	PERFORMM 2.090 0.000	
LAMBDA X		
AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL		
ACHIMOT1 1.110 0.000 0.000	ANOTIVAL LASKSELF VERDINIL	



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ACHIMOT2	1.297	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL1	0.000	1.654	0.000		
TASKSEL2	0.000	1.425	0.000		
VERBALIQ	0.000	0.000	3.650		
BE	TA				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMN	0.000	0.000			
JOBSATIS	0.449	0.000			
GA	MMA				
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN	0.000	0.730	0.000		
JOBSATIS	0.482	0.000	0.235		
CO		MATRIX OF ET			
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS	ΑΜΟΤΙΥΑΤ	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
05050000					
PERFORMN	1.000				
JOBSATIS	0.526	1.000			
AMOTIVAT	0.297	0.521	1.000		
TASKSELF	0.730	0.434	0.407	1.000	
VERBINTL	-0.280	-0.084	-0.402	-0.383	1.000
PS		10004710			
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	0.467	0.532			
RE		ATRIX ETA O	-	DARD I ZED )	
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN	0.000	0.730	0.000		
JOBSATIS	0.482	0.328	0.235		
Joreskog/S	orbom pp.	155-156 Mode	BLANAN		
		ZED SOLUTION	J		
	MBDA Y	ZED SOLUTION	•		
LA	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	PERFORMA	JUBSATIS			
PERFORMM	1.000	0.000			
JBSATIS1	0.000	0.787			
JBSATIS2	0.000	0.801			
	MBDA X	0.001			
50	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
	ANOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERDINIE		
ACHIMOT1	0.569	0.000	0.000		
ACHIMOT2	0.630	0.000			
TASKSEL1	0.000	0.766	0.000 0.000		
TASKSELT	0.000		0.000		
VERBALIQ	0.000	0.691			
		0.000	1.000		
BE		IOPEATIC			
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMN	0.000	0.000			
	0.000				
JOBSATIS	U.449 MMA	0.000			
GA	MMA AMOTIVAT	TACKOCIC	VEDDINT		
	AMOTIVAL	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN	0.000	0 770	0.000		
		0.730	0.000		
JOBSATIS		0.000	0.235		
0	PERFORMN	MATRIX OF EI		TACKOCI	VEDDINT
	PEKFUKMN	JOBSATIS	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
DEDEODMU	1.000				
PERFORMN		1 000			
JOBSATIS	0.526	1.000	1 000		
AMOTIVAT	0.297	0.521	1.000		
TASKSELF	0.730	0.434	0.407	1.000	4 000
VERBINTL	-0.280	-0.084	-0.402	-0.383	1.000
PS					
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	0.467	0.532			
	0.407	0.332			



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THETA EPS				
PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSAT I S2		
0.000 THETA DELTA	0.380	0.358		
ACHIMOT 1	ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBAL IQ
0.676		0.414	0.522	0.000
REGRESSION M AMOTIVAT	IATRIX ETA ON TASKSELF	KSI (STAND VERBINTL	ARD I ZED )	
PERFORMN 0.000	0.730	0.000		
JOBSATIS 0.482 Joreskog/Sorbom pp.	0.328 155-156 Mode	0.235		
MODIFICATION INDICES	AND ESTIMAT			
PERFORMN		LANDON		
PERFORMM 0.000	1,536			
JBSATIS1 0.620	0.000			
JBSATIS2 0.620	0.000			
ESTIMATED CH PERFORMN	ANGE FOR LAM JOBSATIS	BDA Y		
PERFORMM 0.000	-0.148			
JBSATIS1 0.200	0.000			
JBSATIS2 -0.167				
MODIFICATION AMOTIVAT		LAMBDA X VERBINTL		
ACHIMOT1 0.000	0.005	0.498		
ACHIMOT2 0.000	0.147	0.498		
TASKSEL1 0.038	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL2 0.032 VERBALIQ 0.000	0.000 0.591	<b>3.43</b> 6 0.000		
ESTIMATED CH				
	TASKSELF			
ACHIMOT1 0.000	-0.012	0.050		
ACHIMOT2 0.000	-0.075	-0.058		
TASKSEL1 0.046	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL2 -0.039	0.000	0.092 0.000		
VERBALIQ 0.000 MODIFICATION	-1.465			
PERFORMN	JOBSATIS	BLIA		
PERFORMN 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.000	1.536			
ESTIMATED CH		A		
	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMN 0.000				
JOBSATIS 0.000	0.000			
MODIFICATION AMOTIVAT		VERBINTL		
PERFORMN 0.001	0.000	3.082		
JOBSATIS 0.000	0.591	0.000		
ESTIMATED CH Amotivat	ANGE FOR GAM TASKSELF	MA VERBINTL		
PERFORMN -0.008	0.000	-0.089		
JOBSATIS 0.000	0.256	0.000		
NO NON-ZERO MODIFICA				
NO NON-ZERO MODIFICA				
MODIFICATION PERFORMM		THETA EPS		
0.591	0.000	0.000		



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ESTIMATED CHANGE FOR THETA EPS JBSATIS2 PERFORMM JBSATIS1 0.971 0.000 0.000 MODIFICATION INDICES FOR THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.592 ESTIMATED CHANGE FOR THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 0.000 -26.192 MAXIMUM MODIFICATION INDEX IS 3.44 FOR ELEMENT ( 4, 3) OF LAMBDA X 8736 BYTES (= 0.3% OF AVAILABLE WORKSPACE) TIME USED : 0.00 SECONDS THE PROBLEM USED LISR152b.SPS Bagozzi (1980) / J&S, 1989, pp. 151-156 08-Jul-98 15:46:05 TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY: CIS IBM 3090-400J MVS/ESA/JES3

Preceding task required .41 seconds CPU time; 12.51 seconds elapsed.

29 0

28 command lines read.

0 errors detected.

0 warnings issued.

1 seconds CPU time.

18 seconds elapsed time. End of job.



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### Appendix D Performance and Job Satisfaction Reciprocally Predict Each Other

#### lisr152c.lst 7/9/98

08-Jul-98 SPSS RELEASE 4.1 FOR IBM OS/MVS 16:03:13 TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY: CIS IBM 3090-400J MVS/ESA/JES3 For MVS/ESA/JES3 TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY: CIS License Number 1267 This software is functional through August 31, 1998. 1 0 title 'LISR152c.SPS Bagozzi (1980) / J&S, 1989, pp. 151-156' 2 0 data list file=abc records=3 table/1 id 1-4 3 0 /2 /3 This command will read 3 records from 'E100BT.ARTHUR.OAT' Variable Rec Start End Format 10 1 1 4 F4.0 4 0 lisrel 5 0 /"Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\*" /OA NI=8 NO=122 MA=CM 6 0 7 n /LA 8 0 /'PERFORMM' 'JBSATIS1' 'JBSATIS2' 'ACHIMOT1' /'ACHIMOT2' 'TASKSEL1' 'TASKSEL2' 'VERBALIQ' 9 0 10 0 /KM SY /(8F8.3) 11 0 12 0 1 4.368 13 n 2.997 11.765 1 14 0 2.314 6.043 7.896 1 15 1.458 3.802 0 0.526 1.351 1 16 0 1 0.814 2.007 1.204 1.466 4.244 17 0 1 2.456 2.082 1.967 0.847 0.716 4.666 / 2.183 1.590 1.818 0.691 0.738 2.429 4.244 / -2.723 -1.953 -0.390 -1.416 -2.083 -2.318 -1.308 13.323 1.818 18 0 19 0 20 0 /MO NY=3 NX=5 NE=2 NK=3 BE=FU,FI PS=OI,FR 21 0 /LE /'PERFORMN' 'JOBSATIS' 22 0 23 Ω /LK /'AMOTIVAT' 'TASKSELF' 'VERBINTL' 24 0 25 Ω /FR LY(3,2) LX(2,1) LX(4,2) BE(2,1) BE(1,2) 0 /FI GA(1,1) GA(2,2) GA(1,3) TE(1,1) TO(5,5) 26 27 Ω /VA 1 LY(1,1) LY(2,2) LX(1,1) LX(3,2) LX(5,3) 28 0 /VA 1.998 TO(5,5) 29 0 /OU SE SS SC TV MI NO=3 There are 3,033,048 bytes of memory available. The largest contiguous area has 3,026,720 bytes.

> LISREL 7: ESTIMATION OF LINEAR STRUCTURAL EQUATION SYSTEMS PROGRAM VERSION 7.16 OISTRIBUTEO BY

> > SCIENTIFIC SOFTWARE, INC. 1369 NEITZEL ROAO MOORESVILLE, INDIANA 46158 (317) 831-6336

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Appendix D DISTRIBUTION OR USE UNAUTHORIZED BY SCIENTIFIC SOFTWARE, INC. IS PROHIBITED. MVS - LISREL 7.16 BY KARL G JORESKOG AND DAG SORBOM THE FOLLOWING LISREL CONTROL LINES HAVE BEEN READ : Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* DA NI=8 NO=122 MA=CM LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ KM SY (8F8.3) MO NY=3 NX=5 NE=2 NK=3 BE=FU,FI PS=DI,FR LE PERFORMN JOBSATIS LK AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL FR LY(3,2) LX(2,1) LX(4,2) BE(2,1) BE(1,2) FI GA(1,1) GA(2,2) GA(1,3) TE(1,1) TD(5,5) VA 1 LY(1,1) LY(2,2) LX(1,1) LX(3,2) LX(5,3) VA 1.998 TD(5,5) OU SE SS SC TV MI ND=3 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* NUMBER OF INPUT VARIABLES 8 NUMBER OF Y - VARIABLES 3 NUMBER OF X - VARIABLES 5 NUMBER OF ETA - VARIABLES 2 NUMBER OF KSI - VARIABLES 3 NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS 122 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* COVARIANCE MATRIX TO BE ANALYZED PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 4.368 PERFORMM JBSATIS1 2.997 11.765 JBSATIS2 2.314 7.896 6.043 ACHIMOT1 0.526 1.351 1.458 3.802 ACHIMOT2 0.814 2.007 1.204 1.466 4.244 TASKSEL1 2.456 2.082 1.967 0.847 0.716 4.666 2.183 TASKSEL2 1.590 1.818 0.691 0.738 2.429 4.244 VERBALIQ -2.723 -1.953 -0.390 -1.416 -2.083 -2.318 -1.308 13.323 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* PARAMETER SPECIFICATIONS LAMBDA Y PERFORMN **JOBSATIS** PERFORMM 0 0 JBSATIS1 0 0 JBSATIS2 0 1 LAMBDA X AMOT I VAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOT1 Λ Ω ٥ ACHIMOT2 2 0 0 TASKSEL1 ۵ 0 0 TASKSEL2 0 3 0 VERBAL IQ 0 0 0 BETA PERFORMN **JOBSATIS** PERFORMN 0 4 JOBSATIS 5 0 GAMMA AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL

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PERFORMN JOBSATIS	0 7	6 0	0 8		
PH	I AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
AMOTIVAT	9				
TASKSELF	10	11			
VERBINTL	12		• /		
		13	14		
PS	I PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	<u> </u>	16			
TH	ETA EPS PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSAT I S2		
	0	17	18		
TH	ETA DELTA ACHIMOT1	ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ
	19	20	21	22	0
Joreskog/S	orbom pp. 1	55-156 Mode	****		
INITIAL ES	TIMATES (TS	SLS)			
LA	MBDA Y				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMM	1,000	0.000			
JBSATIS1	0.000	1.000			
JBSAT IS2	0.000	0.797			
LA	MBDA X AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
ACHIMOT1	1,000	0.000	0.000		
ACH IMOT2	0.877	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL1					
	0.000	1.000	0.000		
TASKSEL2	0.000	0.939	0.000		
VERBALIQ	0.000	0.000	1.000		
BE	TA				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMN	0.000	-0,176			
JOBSATIS	0.707	0.000			
	MMA				
94	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERDINIE		
PERFORMN	0.000	1.070	0.000		
JOBSATIS	0.989	0.000	0.208		
CO	VARIANCE MA	TRIX OF ETA	AND KSI		
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
	4.476				
PERFORMN					
JOBSATIS	2.691	7.149			
AMOT I VAT	0.581	1.683	1.671		
TASKSELF	2.395	2.114	0.820		
VERBINTL	-1.877	-0.786	-1.833	-1.885	11.325
PS					
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	2.687	4.209			
ТН	ETA EPS				
10	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSATIS2		
	PERFURMM	9D3M1121	10341192		
	0.000	4.181	3.081		
TH	ETA DELTA				
		ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ
	2,131	2.958	2 070	1.963	1.998
501					
30				Y - VARIABLE	
	PERFORMM	JBSAT IS1	JBSAT I S2		
	1.000	0.631	0.596		



					THET	ouuoc	
	ARED MULT ACHIMOT1	IPLE CORREL ACHIMOT2	ATIONS FOR TASKSEL1	X - VARIABL TASKSEL2	ES VERBALIQ		
	0.440	0.303	0.554	0.537	0.850		
тот	AL COEFFI	CIENT OF DE	TERMINATION	FOR X - VA	RIABLES IS	0.976	
		IPLE CORREL	ATIONS FOR	STRUCTURAL	EQUATIONS		
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS					
	0.400	0.411					
		CIENT OF DE		FOR STRUCT	URAL EQUAT	IONS IS	0.543
Joreskog/So	rbom pp.	155-156 Mod	el ****				
	MATES (MA	XIMUM LIKEL					
	BDA Y	ATHON EIKEE	1110007				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS					
PERFORMM JBSATIS1	1.000 0.000	0.000 1.000					
JBSATIS2	0.000	0.881					
	BDA X	0.001					
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL				
CHIMOT1	1.000	0.000	0.000				
ACHIMOT2	1.138 0.000	0.000	0.000 0.000				
ASKSEL2	0.000	1.000 0.866	0.000				
/ERBALIQ	0.000	0.000	1.000				
BET	A						
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS					
PERFORMN	0.000	-0.220	<====	=====			
IOBSAT I S	0.816	0.000					
GAM							
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL				
PERFORMN	0.000	1,111	0,000				
JOBSATIS	1.057	0.000	0.265				
		ATRIX OF ET					
I	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
ERFORMN	4,358		<u> </u>				
JOBSATIS	2,793	6.881					
MOTIVAT	0.554	1.386	1.296				
ASKSELF	2.512	2.274	0.773	2.711			
ERBINTL/ PSI	-2,339	-0.654	-1,648	-2,235	11.324		
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS					
	2.573	3.904					
	TA EPS						
I	PERFORMM	JBSAT I S1	JBSATIS2				
-	0.000	4,921	2.578				
THE	TA DELTA	4.921	2.5/8				
		ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ		
-	2,506	2.566	1.955	2 212	1,998		
SQU		IPLE CORRELA					
I	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSATIS2				
•	1.000	0.583	0.675				
	ARED MULT	IPLE CORRELA		( - VARIABLI	ES		
1	ACHIMOT1	ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ		
•	0 7/1	0.395	0 591	0 / 70			
τοτ		U.395 CIENT OF DET				0 07/	
SQUI	ARED MULT	IPLE CORRELA JOBSATIS				0.7/4	
-	0 410	0 433					

0.410 0.433



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TOTAL COEFFICIENT OF DETERMINATION FOR STRUCTURAL EQUATIONS IS 0.547 W\_A\_R\_N\_I\_N\_G : THETA EPS is not positive definite CHI-SQUARE WITH 14 DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 12.12 (P = .597)GOODNESS OF FIT INDEX =0.974 ADJUSTED GOODNESS OF FIT INDEX =0.932 ROOT MEAN SQUARE RESIDUAL = 0.287 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR FITTED RESIDUALS SMALLEST FITTED RESIDUAL = -1.299 MEDIAN FITTED RESIDUAL = -0.004 LARGEST FITTED RESIDUAL = 0.627 STEMLEAF PLOT -1210 - 8 - 6 - 4 - 2 881 - 0 9965864443322100000 0 11278889 2 034 4 3 6|3 SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR STANDARDIZED RESIDUALS SMALLEST STANDARDIZED RESIDUAL = -2.041 MEDIAN STANDARDIZED RESIDUAL = -0.036 LARGEST STANDARDIZED RESIDUAL = 1.682 STEMLEAF PLOT - 2!0 - 1 - 1 440 - 0 9877655 - 031111110000 0 11334 0 55889 1 123 117 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* STANDARD ERRORS LAMBDA Y PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMM 0.000 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 0.000 JBSATIS2 0.000 0.144 LAMBDA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOT1 0.000 0.000 0.000 ACHIMOT2 0.335 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL1 0.000 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL2 0.000 0.137 0.000 VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 0.000 BETA PERFORMN JOBSATIS 0.000 PERFORMN 0.161 <=========== JOBSATIS 0.210 0.000 GAMMA AMOT I VAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 0.000 0.222 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.437 0.000 0.105 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT 0.523



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TASKSELF	0.304	0.640			
VERBINTL	0.600	0.678	1.713		
PS	I				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	_				
	0.751	1.243			
TH	ETA EPS				
	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSAT I S2		
	0.000	1.152	0.817		
IH	ACHIMOT1	A CULLINOT D	TAOKOLIA	TAOKOF . 3	
	ACHIMUTI	ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ
	0.493	0.584	0.419	0.385	0.000
Joneskog/S		155-156 Mod		0.365	0.000
VOI CSKOG/ O	or boin pp.	133 130 MOU			
T-VALUES					
	MBDA Y				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	_				
PERFORMM	0.000	0.000			
JBSATIS1	0.000	0.000			
JBSATIS2	0.000	6.131			
LA	MBDA X				
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
ACHIMOT1	0.00	0.000	0,000		
ACHIMOT2	3.393	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL1	0.000	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL2	0.000	6.323	0.000		
VERBALIQ	0.000	0.000	0.000		
BE	TA				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMN	0.000	-1.362	<====	====	
JOBSATIS	3.887	0.000			
GA	MMA				
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PER FORMN	0.000	4.998	0.000		
JOBSATIS	2.418	0.000	2.522		
PH					
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
AMOTIVAT	2.476				
TASKSELF	2.545	4.238			
VERBINTL	-2.744	-3.295	6.612		
PS		3.273	0.012		
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	3.428	3.141			
TH	ETA EPS				
	PERFORMM	JBSAT I S1	JBSAT I S2		
	0.000	4.272	3.154		
TH	ETA DELTA	ACUINOTO	TACKOCI 4	TACKOCI 2	
	ACTIMUTI	ACHIMOT2	TASKSELT	TASKSELZ	VERBALIQ
	5.087	4.393	4.664	5.749	0.000
Joreskoa/S		155-156 Mode		2.147	0.000
50. CSR03/ 0	PP-		• •		
STANDARDIZ	ED SOLUTIO	DN			
	MBDA Y				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMM	2.088	0.000			
JBSATIS1	0.000	2.623			
JESHITZ					

JBSATIS1 0.000 2.623 JBSATIS2 0.000 2.312 LAMBDA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL



Introductory Primer on SEM -70-Appendix D

ACHIMOT1					
ACHIMOTT	1.138	0.000	0.000		
ACHIMOT2	1.295	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL1	0.000	1.646	0.000		
TASKSEL2	0.000	1.425	0.000		
VERBALIQ	0.000	0.000	3.365		
BE		0.000	5.505		
BE					
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMN	0.000	-0.276			
JOBSATIS	0.649	0.000			
GA	MMA				
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN	0.000	0.876	0.000		
JOBSATIS	0.459	0.000	0.339		
C0	RRELATION	MATRIX OF EI	A AND KSI		
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
	. =			MOROLLI	VERDINIE
PERFORMN	1.000				
JOBSATIS	0.510	1.000			
AMOTIVAT	0.233	0.464	1.000		
TASKSELF	0.731	0.527	0.412	1.000	
VERBINTL	-0.333	-0.074	-0.430	-0.403	1.000
PS	I				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	. =	0000/////0			
	0.590	0.567			
RE	GRESSION I	MATRIX ETA ON	IKSI (STANI	DARDIZED)	
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
000000000		0 7/7			
PERFORMN	-0.107	0.743	-0.079		
JOBSATIS	0.389	0.482	0.288		
Joreskog/S	orbom pp.	155-156 Mode	el ****		
•					
CONDI ETEL V					
		IZED SOLUTION	1		
LA	MBDA Y				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMM	1.000	0.000			
JBSATIS1					
	0.000	0.764			
JBSAT I S2	0.000	0.821			
	0.000				
	0.000 MBDA X	0.821			
	0.000		VERBINTL		
	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT	0.821 TASKSELF			
	0.000 MBDA X	0.821	VERBINTL		
LAI	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000	0.000		
LAN ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000	0.000		
LAN ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.762	0.000 0.000 0.000		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.762 0.692	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
LAN ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.762	0.000 0.000 0.000		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL19	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.762 0.692	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL19	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.762 0.692	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL1Q BE	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL19	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL1Q BE	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL1Q BE PERFORMN JOBSAT1S	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.649	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSAT1S -0.276	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL1Q BE PERFORMN JOBSAT1S	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.649 MMA	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSAT1S -0.276 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL1Q BE PERFORMN JOBSAT1S	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.649	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSAT1S -0.276	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GAI	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL1Q BE PERFORMN JOBSAT1S	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.649 MMA	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSAT1S -0.276 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GAI PERFORMN	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSAT1S -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF 0.876	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL1Q BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GAI	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.459	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF 0.876 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.339		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL1Q BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GAI	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.459 RRELATION	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF 0.876 0.000 MATRIX OF ET	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.339 IA AND KSI		
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL1Q BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GAI	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.459	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF 0.876 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.339	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL1Q BE PERFORMN JOBSAT1S GAI PERFORMN JOBSAT1S COI	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.459 RRELATION PERFORMN	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF 0.876 0.000 MATRIX OF ET	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.339 IA AND KSI	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL1Q BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GAI	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.459 RRELATION	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF 0.876 0.000 MATRIX OF ET	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.339 IA AND KSI	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBAL1Q BE PERFORMN JOBSAT1S GAI PERFORMN JOBSAT1S COI	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.459 RRELATION PERFORMN PERFORMN 1.000	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF 0.876 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.339 IA AND KSI	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS COU PERFORMN JOBSATIS	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.459 RRELATION PERFORMN PERFORMN 1.000 0.510	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF 0.876 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS -0.200 MATRIX OF ET 1.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.339 VA AND KSI AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS COI PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.459 RRELATION PERFORMN 1.000 0.510 0.233	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF 0.876 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS  1.000 0.464	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.339 IA AND KSI AMOTIVAT 		VERBINTL
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GAI PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT TASKSELF	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.459 RRELATION PERFORMN 1.000 0.510 0.233 0.731	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF 0.876 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS  1.000 0.464 0.527	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.339 (A AND KSI AMOT IVAT 1.000 0.412	1.000	
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS COI PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.459 RRELATION PERFORMN 1.000 0.510 0.233	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF 0.876 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS  1.000 0.464	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.339 IA AND KSI AMOTIVAT 		<u>VERBINTL</u> 1.000
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GAI PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT TASKSELF	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.459 RRELATION PERFORMN 1.000 0.233 0.731 -0.333	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF 0.876 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS  1.000 0.464 0.527	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.339 (A AND KSI AMOT IVAT 1.000 0.412	1.000	
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GAI PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.459 RRELATION PERFORMN 1.000 0.510 0.510 0.233 0.731 -0.333 I	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF 0.876 0.000 MATRIX OF EI JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 MATRIX OF EI JOBSATIS -0.000 MATRIX OF EI 0.827 -0.074	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.339 (A AND KSI AMOT IVAT 1.000 0.412	1.000	
LAI ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GAI PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL	0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.584 0.629 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.649 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.459 RRELATION PERFORMN 1.000 0.233 0.731 -0.333	0.821 TASKSELF 0.000 0.762 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS -0.276 0.000 TASKSELF 0.876 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS  1.000 0.464 0.527	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.339 (A AND KSI AMOT IVAT 1.000 0.412	1.000	



Introductory Primer on SEM -71-Appendix D

	0.590	0.567			
TH	ETA EPS				
	PERFORMM	JBSAT I S1	JBSAT I S2		
	0.000	0.417	0.325		
THI	ETA DELTA	_			
	ACHIMOT1	ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ
	0.659	0.605	0.419	0.521	0.150
RE		ATRIX ETA ON	•	DARDIZED)	
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PER FORMN	-0.107	0.743	-0.079		
JOBSATIS	0.389	0.482	0.288		
		0.402 155-156 Mode			
001 C3K09/ 3	bibon pp.		L Contraction of the second se		
		AND ESTIMAT			
		INDICES FOR			
not	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS	LAMOUA I		
	F LKT OKMA	JOBSKITS			
PERFORMM	0.000	0.000			
JBSATIS1	1.551	0.000			
JBSATIS2	1.551	0.000			
_		ANGE FOR LAM			
LJ	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS	DUA I		
	r ERT ORMA	00034113			
PERFORMM	0.000	0.000			
JBSATIS1	0.284	0.000			
JBSATIS2	-0.250	0.000			
		INDICES FOR			
not	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
		HOROLLI	VERDINIE		
ACHIMOT1	0.000	0.023	0.661		
ACHIMOT2	0.000	0.000	0.661		
TASKSEL1	0.078	0.000	0.066		
TASKSEL2	0.308	0.000	2.700		
VERBALIQ	0.000	0.263	0.000		
ES		ANGE FOR LAM			
		TASKSELF			
ACHIMOT1	0.000	0.027	0.070		
ACHIMOT2	0.000	0.003	-0.080		
TASKSEL1	-0.066	0.000	-0.017		
TASKSEL2	-0.120	0.000	0.098		
VERBALIQ	0.000	1.132	0.000		
		TION INDICES			
MOE		INDICES FOR	GAMMA		
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN	0.843	0.000	1.845		
JOBSATIS	0.000	0.263	0.000		
ES1		NGE FOR GAM			
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
	0.375				
PERFORMN	0.275	0.000	-0.103		
JOBSATIS		-0.299			
		ION INDICES			
		ION INDICES			
MOC		INDICES FOR			
	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSAT I S2		
	0.263	0.000	0.000		
E C I		NGE FOR THE			
E31	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1			
	FERFURM	10341121	JBSATIS2		
	-0.850	0.000	0.000		
MOR		INDICES FOR		r a	
MOL		ACHIMOT2		TASKSEL2	
	ACTIMOTI	ACTIMUTE	INGNOELI	INGROELZ	VCKDALIW



0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.263 ESTIMATED CHANGE FOR THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 0.000 0.000 0.000 17.352 0.000 MAXIMUM MODIFICATION INDEX IS 2.70 FOR ELEMENT ( 4, 3) OF LAMBDA X THE PROBLEM USED 8960 BYTES (= 0.3% OF AVAILABLE WORKSPACE) TIME USED : 0.00 SECONDS LISR152c.SPS Bagozzi (1980) / J&S, 1989, pp. 151-156 TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY: CIS IBM 3090-400J MVS/ES 08-Jul-98 16:03:22 MVS/ESA/JES3

Preceding task required .41 seconds CPU time; 6.65 seconds elapsed.

Page 2

30 0

29 command lines read.

0 errors detected.

0 warnings issued.

1 seconds CPU time.

8 seconds elapsed time.

End of job.



Introductory Primer on SEM -73-Appendix E

Page 1

#### Appendix E Job Satisfaction Predicts Performance

#### lisr152d.lst 7/9/98

08-Jul-98 SPSS RELEASE 4.1 FOR IBM OS/MVS 15:51:04 TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY: CIS IBM 3090-400J MVS/ESA/JES3 For MVS/ESA/JES3 TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY: CIS License Number 1267 This software is functional through August 31, 1998. 0 title 'LISR152d.SPS Bagozzi (1980) / J&S, 1989, pp. 151-156' 1 2 ۵ data list file=abc records=3 table/1 id 1-4 3 0 /2 /3 This command will read 3 records from 'E100BT.ARTHUR.DAT' Variable Rec Start End Format ID 1 1 4 F4.0 0 lisrel 4 5 0 /"Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\*" /DA NI=8 NO=122 MA=CM 6 0 7 0 /LA 8 /'PERFORMM' 'JBSATIS1' 'JBSATIS2' 'ACHIMOT1' Λ /'ACHIMOT2' 'TASKSEL1' 'TASKSEL2' 'VERBALIQ' 9 0 /KM SY 10 0 11 0 /(8F8.3) 12 0 4.368 1 13 0 1 2.997 11.765 14 0 2.314 6.043 7.896 1 15 0 0.526 1.351 1.458 1 3.802 16 0 0.814 2.007 1.204 1.466 1 4.244 17 0 2.456 2.082 1.967 0.847 4.666 1 0.716 18 0 1 2.183 1.590 1.818 0.691 0.738 2.429 4.244 / -2.723 -1.953 -0.390 -1.416 -2.083 -2.318 -1.308 13.323 19 0 20 0 /MO NY=3 NX=5 NE=2 NK=3 BE=FU, FI PS=DI, FR 21 0 /LE 22 /'PERFORMN' 'JOBSATIS' Ω 23 0 /LK 24 0 /'AMOTIVAT' 'TASKSELF' 'VERBINTL' /FR LY(3,2) LX(2,1) LX(4,2) BE(1,2) /FI GA(1,1) GA(2,2) GA(1,3) TE(1,1) TD(5,5) 25 0 26 0 27 0 /VA 1 LY(1,1) LY(2,2) LX(1,1) LX(3,2) LX(5,3) /VA 1.998 TD(5,5) 28 0 29 0 /OU SE SS SC TV MI ND=3 AD=OFF There are 3,033,168 bytes of memory available. The largest contiguous area has 3,026,840 bytes.

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Introductory Primer on SEM -74-Appendix E

MVS - LISREL 7.16 ΒY KARL G JORESKOG AND DAG SORBOM THE FOLLOWING LISREL CONTROL LINES HAVE BEEN READ : Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* DA NI=8 NO=122 MA=CM LA PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ KM SY (8F8.3) MO NY=3 NX=5 NE=2 NK=3 BE=FU, FI PS=DI, FR LE PERFORMN JOBSATIS LK AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL FR LY(3,2) LX(2,1) LX(4,2) BE(1,2) FI GA(1,1) GA(2,2) GA(1,3) TE(1,1) TD(5,5) VA 1 LY(1,1) LY(2,2) LX(1,1) LX(3,2) LX(5,3) VA 1.998 TD(5,5) OU SE SS SC TV MI ND=3 AD=OFF Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* NUMBER OF INPUT VARIABLES 8 NUMBER OF Y - VARIABLES 3 NUMBER OF X - VARIABLES 5 NUMBER OF ETA - VARIABLES 2 NUMBER OF KSI - VARIABLES 3 NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS 122 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* COVARIANCE MATRIX TO BE ANALYZED PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ PERFORMM 4.368 2.997 JBSATIS1 11.765 JBSAT I S2 2.314 6.043 7.896 ACHIMOT1 0.526 1.351 1.458 3.802 ACHIMOT2 0.814 2.007 1.204 1.466 4.244 TASKSEL1 2.456 2.082 1.967 0.847 0.716 4.666 TASKSEL2 2.183 1.590 1.818 0.691 4.244 0.738 2.429 VERBALIQ -2.723 -1.953 -0.390 -1.416 -2.083 -2.318 -1.30813.323 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* PARAMETER SPECIFICATIONS LAMBDA Y PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMM 0 0 JBSATIS1 n 0 JBSATIS2 0 1 LAMBDA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOT1 0 0 0 ACHIMOT2 2 0 0 TASKSEL1 0 0 0 TASKSEL2 0 3 0 VERBALIQ 0 0 0 BETA JOBSATIS PERFORMN PERFORMN 0 4 JOBSATIS 0 0 GAMMA AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL 5 PERFORMN 0 Ō



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JOBSATIS	6	0	7		
PH	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
AMOTIVAT	8				
TASKSELF	9	10			
VERBINTL	11	10	13		
PS		12			
F 31	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
TU	14 TA EPS	15			
Inc	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSAT I S2		
ты	O TA DELTA	16	17		
Int	ACHIMOT1	ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ
	18	19	20	21	0
INITIAL EST	orbom pp. 1 TIMATES (TS (BDA Y	55-156 Mode LS)	(****		
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMM	1.000	0.000			
JBSATIS1	0.000	1.000			
JBSATIS2	0.000	0.797			
	IBDA X	••••			
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
ACHIMOT1	1.000	0.000	0.000		
ACHIMOT2	0.877	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL1	0.000	1.000	0.000		
TASKSEL2	0.000	0.939	0.000		
VERBAL IQ	0.000	0.000	1.000		
BEI	A				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMN	0.000	-0.176			
JOBSATIS	0.000	0.000			
GAN	IMA				
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN	0.000	1.070	0.000		
JOBSATIS	1.123	0.000	0.060		
COV	/ARIANCE MA	TRIX OF ETA	AND KSI		
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
PERFORMN	5.577				
JOBSATIS	-0.471	7.584			
AMOTIVAT	0.566	1.768	1.671		
TASKSELF	2.624	0.809	0.820	2.587	
VERBINTL	-1.772	-1.385	-1.833	-1.885	11.325
PSI	I				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
THE	2.687 TA EPS	5.681			
	PER FORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSATIS2		
THE	0.000 TA DELTA	4.181	3.081		
	ACHIMOT1	ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ
	2.131	2.958	2.079	1.963	1.998
SQL	JARED MULTI	PLE CORRELA	TIONS FOR	Y - VARIABLE	S
	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSATIS2		
SQL	1.000 JARED MULTI			X - VARIABLE	S



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ACHIMOT1 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 ACHIMOT2 VERBALIQ 0.440 0.303 0.554 0.537 0.850 TOTAL COEFFICIENT OF DETERMINATION FOR X - VARIABLES IS 0.976 SQUARED MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS FOR STRUCTURAL EQUATIONS PERFORMN JOBSATIS 0.518 0.251 TOTAL COEFFICIENT OF DETERMINATION FOR STRUCTURAL EQUATIONS IS 0.637 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* LISREL ESTIMATES (MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD) LAMBDA Y PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMM 1.000 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 1.000 JBSAT1S2 0.000 0.834 LAMBDA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL 1.000 ACHIMOT1 0.000 0.000 ACHIMOT2 0.000 0.000 1.184 TASKSEL1 0.000 1.000 0.000 TASKSEL2 0.000 0.858 0.000 0.000 0.000 1.000 VERBALIQ BETA PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMN 0.000 0.150 JOBSATIS 0.000 0.000 GAMMA AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 0.000 0.801 0.000 JOBSATIS 3.208 0.000 0.348 COVARIANCE MATRIX OF ETA AND KSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL PERFORMN 4.348 JOBSATIS 7.290 2.689 AMOTIVAT 0.938 0.679 1.611 TASKSELF 2.506 1.991 0.870 2.755 VERBINTL -1.289 -1.629 -2.296 11.327 -2.033 PSI PERFORMN JOBSATIS 1.937 2.569 THETA EPS PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 0.000 4.475 2.822 THETA DELTA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 3.123 3.293 1.911 2.214 1.998 SQUARED MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS FOR Y - VARIABLES PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 1.000 0.620 0.643 SQUARED MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS FOR X - VARIABLES ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ 0.179 0.224 0.590 0.478 0.850 TOTAL COEFFICIENT OF DETERMINATION FOR X - VARIABLES IS 0.961 SQUARED MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS FOR STRUCTURAL EQUATIONS PERFORMN JOBSATIS 0.554 0.648 TOTAL COEFFICIENT OF DETERMINATION FOR STRUCTURAL EQUATIONS IS 0.797



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W\_A\_R\_N\_I\_N\_G : THETA EPS is not positive definite CHI-SQUARE WITH 15 DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 23.34 (P = .077)GOODNESS OF FIT INDEX =0.953 A0JUSTED GOODNESS OF FIT INDEX =0.886 ROOT MEAN SQUARE RESIDUAL = 0.304 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR FITTED RESIDUALS SMALLEST FITTEO RESIDUAL = -0.690 0.000 MEDIAN FITTED RESIDUAL = LARGEST FITTEO RESIOUAL = 0.686 STEMLEAF PLOT - 6 96 - 4 1 - 2 9106 - 0 55265422000000 0 2367901 2 1119 4 6 669 SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR STANDARDIZED RESIDUALS SMALLEST STANOAROIZEO RESIOUAL = -2.781 MEDIAN STANDARDIZED RESIDUAL = 0.000 LARGEST STANOAROIZEO RESIOUAL = 2.784 STEMLEAF PLOT - 2|821 - 1 75332 - 0 98653211000000 0 334466 1223889 2 88 LARGEST NEGATIVE STANOAROIZED RESIDUALS RESIDUAL FOR VERBALIQ AND VERBALIQ = -2.781 LARGEST POSITIVE STANDARDIZED RESIDUALS RESIDUAL FOR PERFORMM AND PERFORMM = 2.784 RESIDUAL FOR ACHIMOT2 AND ACHIMOT1 = 2.784 Joreskog/Sorbom pp. 155-156 Model \*\*\*\* STANOARD ERRORS LAMBOA Y PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMM 0.000 0.000 JBSATIS1 0.000 0.000 JBSATIS2 0.000 0.145 LAMBOA X AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL ACHIMOT1 0.000 0.000 0,000 ACHIMOT2 0.369 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL1 0.000 0.000 0.000 TASKSEL2 0.000 0.137 0.000 VERBAL I Q 0.000 0.000 0.000 BETA PERFORMN JOBSATIS PERFORMN 0.000 0.078 JOBSATIS 0.000 0.000 GAMMA AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL 0.000 PERFORMN 0.000 0.154 JOBSATIS 1.328 0.000 0.221 PHI AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL AMOTIVAT 0.339 TASKSELF 0.298 0.649



VERBINTL

0.573

0.687

1.713

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PSI	,				
F31	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	0.354	1.887			
THE	TA EPS	IDCATICA	10047103		
	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSAT I S2		
	0.000	1.257	0.858		
THE	TA DELTA				
	ACHIMOT1	ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ
	0.445	0.491	0.427	0.388	0.000
Joreskog/Sc		155-156 Mode		0.300	0.000
T-VALUES					
LAM	IBDA Y				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMM	0.000	0.000			
JBSAT IS1	0.000	0.000			
JBSAT I S2	0.000	5.741			
LAM	IBDA X				
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
	0.000	0.000	0.000		
ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2	3.207	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL1	0.000	0.000	0.000		
TASKSEL2	0.000	6.261	0.000		
VERBALIQ	0.000	0.000	0.000		
BET					
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMN	0.000	1.928			
JOBSATIS	0.000	0.000			
GAM					
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN	0.000	5.211	0.000		
JOBSATIS	2.416	0.000	1.574		
PHI					
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
AMOTIVAT	2.004				
TASKSELF VERBINTL	2.915 -2.844	4.245	( (1)		
PSI		-3.342	6.612		
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	5.471	1.361			
	TA EPS				
	PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSAT I S2		
	0.000	3,561	3,289		
THE	TA DELTA	3.301	3.209		
		ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ
	7.014	6.700	4.479	5.706	0.000
Joreskog/Sc		155-156 Mode		2.100	0.000
-	••				
STANDARD I ZE		4			
	IBDA Y	10001710			
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
PERFORMM	2.085	0.000			
JBSATIS1	0.000	2.700			
JBSATIS2	0.000	2.253			
	IBDA X				
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
ACHIMOT1	0.824	0.000	0.000		



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ACHIMOT2	0.975	0.000	0.000		
	0.000				
TASKSEL1		1.660	0.000		
TASKSEL2	0.000	1.425	0.000		
VERBAL I Q	0.000	0.000	3.365		
BE	TA				
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
		000000110			
PERFORMN	0.000	0.194			
JOBSATIS	0.000	0.000			
GA	MMA				
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN	0.000	0.638	0.000		
JOBSATIS	0.979	0.000	0.433		
CO	RRELATION	MATRIX OF ET	TA AND KSI		
	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
PERFORMN	1.000				
JOBSATIS	0.478	1.000			
AMOTIVAT	0.546	0.724	1.000		
TASKSELF	0.724	0.444	0.636	1.000	
VERBINTL	-0.290	-0.142	-0.588	-0.411	1.000
PS	I				
• •	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	PERFORMA	JUBSATTS			
	0.446	0.352			
RE	GRESSION 1	MATRIX ETA ON	IKSI (STANI	DARD I ZED )	
	AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL		
PERFORMN	0,190	0.638	0.084		
JOBSATIS	0.979	0.000	0.433		
Joreskog/S	orbom pp.	155-156 Mode	el ****		
COMPLETELY	STANDARD	ZED SOLUTION	1		
	MBDA Y				
LA					
LA		IORSATIS			
LA	PERFORMN	JOBSATIS			
	PERFORMN				
LA PERFORMM		JOBSATIS			
	PERFORMN				
PERFORMM	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000	0.000			
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000	0.000			
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X	0.000 0.787 0.802			
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000	0.000	VERBINTL		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOT I VAT	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF			
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X	0.000 0.787 0.802	VERB INTL		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOT I VAT	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000			
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOT I VAT 0.423 0.473	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000	0.000		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.000	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.768	0.000 0.000 0.000		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.768 0.692	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ	PERFORMN  1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT  0.423 0.473 0.400 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.768	0.000 0.000 0.000		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.768 0.692	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ	PERFORMN  1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT  0.423 0.473 0.400 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.768 0.692	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ	PERFORMN	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS	PERFORMN	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 MMA	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 MMA	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSAT1S 0.194 0.000 TÄSKSELF	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GA	PERFORMN	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GA	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOT I VAT 0.423 0.473 0.473 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 MMA AMOT I VAT 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000 TASKSELF 0.638 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.433		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GA	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000000 0.0000000 0.00000000	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000 TASKSELF 0.638 0.000 MATRIX OF ET	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.433 A AND KSI		
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GA	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOT I VAT 0.423 0.473 0.473 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 MMA AMOT I VAT 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000 TASKSELF 0.638 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.433	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GA PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO	PERFORMN	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000 TASKSELF 0.638 0.000 MATRIX OF ET	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.433 A AND KSI	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO PERFORMN	PERFORMN	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000 TASKSELF 0.638 0.000 MATRIX OF ET	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.433 A AND KSI	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS GA PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO	PERFORMN	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000 TASKSELF 0.638 0.000 MATRIX OF ET	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.433 A AND KSI	TASKSEL F	VERBINTL
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO PERFORMN	PERFORMN	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000 TASKSELF 0.638 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.433 A AND KSI AMOT IVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT	PERFORMN	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000 TASKSELF 0.638 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS 1.000 0.724	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.433 A AND KSI AMOT IVAT 1.000		VERBINTL
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT TASKSELF	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.473 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 MAA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.979 RRELATION PERFORMN 1.000 0.979	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000 TASKSELF 0.638 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS 1.000 0.724 0.444	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.433 A AND KSI AMOT IVAT 1.000 0.636	1.000	
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.473 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 MAA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.979 RRELATION PERFORMN 0.478 0.478 0.546 0.724 -0.290	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000 TASKSELF 0.638 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS 1.000 0.724	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.433 A AND KSI AMOT IVAT 1.000		VERBINTL 1.000
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT TASKSELF	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.473 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.979 RRELATION PERFORMN 0.478 0.478 0.546 0.724 -0.290 I	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000 TASKSELF 0.638 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS 1.000 0.724 0.444 -0.142	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.433 A AND KSI AMOT IVAT 1.000 0.636	1.000	
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.473 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 MAA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.979 RRELATION PERFORMN 0.478 0.478 0.546 0.724 -0.290	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000 TASKSELF 0.638 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS 1.000 0.724 0.444	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.433 A AND KSI AMOT IVAT 1.000 0.636	1.000	
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.473 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.979 RRELATION PERFORMN 0.478 0.478 0.546 0.724 -0.290 I	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000 TASKSELF 0.638 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS 1.000 0.724 0.444 -0.142	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.433 A AND KSI AMOT IVAT 1.000 0.636	1.000	
PERFORMM JBSATIS1 JBSATIS2 LA ACHIMOT1 ACHIMOT2 TASKSEL1 TASKSEL2 VERBALIQ BE PERFORMN JOBSATIS CO PERFORMN JOBSATIS AMOTIVAT TASKSELF VERBINTL	PERFORMN 1.000 0.000 MBDA X AMOTIVAT 0.423 0.473 0.473 0.000 0.000 0.000 TA PERFORMN 0.000 0.000 MMA AMOTIVAT 0.000 0.979 RRELATION PERFORMN 0.478 0.478 0.546 0.724 -0.290 I	0.000 0.787 0.802 TASKSELF 0.000 0.768 0.692 0.000 JOBSATIS 0.194 0.000 TASKSELF 0.638 0.000 MATRIX OF ET JOBSATIS 1.000 0.724 0.444 -0.142	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.922 VERBINTL 0.000 0.433 A AND KSI AMOT IVAT 1.000 0.636	1.000	



Introductory Primer on SEM -80-Appendix E

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THETA EPS					
PERFORMM	JBSATIS1	JBSAT I S2			
0.000	0.380	0.357			
THETA DELTA	<b>.</b>	_	_		
ACHIMOT1	ACHIMOT2	TASKSEL1	TASKSEL2	VERBALIQ	
0.874	0 77(			0.150	
0.821	0.776	0.410	0.522	0.150	
REGRESSION MA AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL	AKUIZEU)		
ANOTIVAL	TASKSELF	VERDIAIL			
PERFORMN 0.190	0.638	0.084			
JOBSATIS 0.979	0.000	0.433			
Joreskog/Sorbom pp.					
MODIFICATION INDICES	AND ESTIMAT	ED CHANGE			
MODIFICATION	INDICES FOR	LAMBDA Y			
PERFORMN	JOBSATIS				
PERFORMM 0.000	0.000				
JBSATIS1 2.282	0.000				
JBSATISZ 0.017	0.000				
ESTIMATED CHA PERFORMN	JOBSATIS	IBDA T			
PERFORM	JUBSATIS				
PERFORMM 0.000	0.000				
JBSATIS1 0.348	0.000				
JBSATISZ 0.025	0.000				
MODIFICATION		LAMBDA X			
ΑΜΟΤΙVΑΤ	TASKSELF	VERBINTL			
ACHIMOT1 0.000	0.861	0.308			
ACHIMOT2 0.000	2.674	0.308			
TASKSEL1 0.023	0.000	0.000			
TASKSEL2 0.805	0.000	3.376			
VERBALIQ 0.000	7.752	0.000			
ESTIMATED CH					
AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL			
ACHIMOT1 0.000	-0.196	0.052			
ACHIMOT2 0.000	-0.394	-0.062			
TASKSEL1 0.073	0.000	0.001			
TASKSEL2 -0.376	0.000	0.111			
VERBALIQ 0.000	-5.752	0.000			
MODIFICATION	INDICES FOR	BETA			
PERFORMN	JOBSATIS				
PERFORMN 0.000	0.000				
JOBSATIS 9.411	0.000				
ESTIMATED CH		A			
PERFORMN	JOBSATIS				
PERFORMN 0.000	0.000				
JOBSATIS 1.321	0.000				
MODIFICATION		GAMMA			
AMOTIVAT		VERBINTL			
		1200-00-			
PERFORMN 0.973	0.000	3.641			
JOBSATIS 0.000	7.752	0.000			
ESTIMATED CH	ANGE FOR GAM	IMA			
AMOTIVAT	TASKSELF	VERBINTL			
PERFORMN 0.513		-0.111			
JOBSATIS 0.000	2.000	0.000			
NO NON-ZERO MODIFICA					
NO NON-ZERO MODIFICA			EDE		
NO NON-ZERO MODIFICA NO NON-ZERO MODIFICA					
MAXIMUM MODIFICA				ר ר 2 זא	F RETA
					DEIA

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